The I-7530A-MR-FD Modbus RTU to CAN Converter

User's Manual

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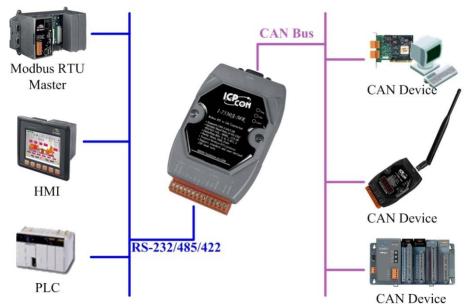
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1. Introduction

The I-7530A-MR-FD is helpful for exchanging the data between the RS-232/485/422 devices and the CAN devices. It supports four communication modes: "Normal", "Modbus Slave", "Pair connection", and "Modbus Master".

In the Normal mode, the I-7530A-MR-FD is designed to unleash the power of CAN bus via RS-232/485/422 communication method. It accurately converts ASCII format messages and CAN messages between RS-232/485/422 and CAN networks. This mode let you to communicate with CAN devices easily from any PC or programmable devices with RS-232/485/422 interface.

In the Modbus Slave mode, it allows a Modbus RTU master to communicate with CAN devices on a CAN network. The following figure shows the application architecture in this mode.





In the pair-connection mode, this module provides the transparent communication between the RS-232/485/422 devices via CAN bus. The application architecture may be as follows.



Figure 1-2: The application architecture in the pair-connection mode.

In the Modbus Master mode, it allows many Modbus RTU slaves to communicate with CAN devices on a CAN network. The following figure shows the application architecture in this mode.

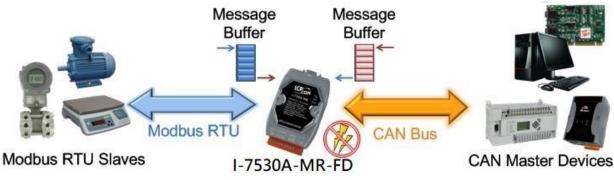


Figure 1-3: The application architecture in the Modbus Master mode.

1.1 Features

- RoHS Design
- Fully compatible with ISO 11898-2 standard
- Programmable CAN bus baud rate from 10 kbps to 1 Mbps or userdefined baud rate
- Max transmission speed of RS-232/485/422 port up to 230400 bps
- Support CAN bus acceptance filter configuration
- Support firmware update via RS-232
- Utility tool for module configuration and CAN bus communication testing
- Built-in jumper to select 120Ω terminator resistor
- CAN buffer: 128 data frames; UART buffer: 256 bytes.
- Power, data flow and error indicator for CAN and UART status
- Hardware Watchdog design
- Allow special ASCII commands to send and receive CAN messages (Normal mode)
- Provide the transparent communication in the RS-232/485/422 port through the CAN bus (Pair-connection mode)
- In Modbus Slave mode, I-7530A-MR-FD supports function code 0x03, 0x04, 0x06, and 0x10 of Modbus RTU command for reading or writing CAN message (Modbus Slave mode). Besides, function code 0x10 has additional functions for configuring module.
- Support Modbus Master function .
- Support CAN FD
- The data baud rate of CAN-FD can be selected from 100kbps to 10Mbps

1.2 Specifications

UART specification:

- Connector: 14-pin screw terminal connector
- COM1: RS-232: (TxD, RxD, GND) RS-422: (TxD+, TxD-, RxD+, RxD-)
 - RS-485: (DATA+, DATA-)
- Baud Rate(bps): 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400
- Data/Stop bits: 5, 6, 7, 8 / 1, 2
- Parity bit: None, Odd, Even
- Isolation voltage: 3000 V_{DC} power protection and 2500V $_{\text{rms}}$ photocouple in the UART side

CAN specification:

- CAN interface connector: 9-pin male D-sub (CAN_L, CAN_H, CAN_GND, and N/A for others)
- CAN Baud Rate(bps): 10 k, 20 k, 50 k, 100 k, 125 k, 250 k, 500 k, 800 k and 1 M (allow user-defined baud rate)
- CAN FD data Baud Rate(bps):100k~10M
- Isolation voltage: 3000 V_{DC} power protection on CAN side, 3750V $_{\text{rms}}$ photo-couple on CAN bus
- Terminator Resistor: Jumper for 120Ω terminator resistor
- Support Protocol: ISO-11898-2, CAN 2.0A and CAN 2.0B

Power requirement:

- Unregulated +10V DC ~ +30V DC
- Power consumption: 1.5W
- DIP switch: Init (Firmware Update, Module Configuration) / Normal (Firmware Operation)

Module specs:

- Dimensions: 72mm x 118mm x 35mm (W x L x H)
- Operating temperature: -25 to 75°C (-13 to 167°F)
- Storage temperature: -30 to 80°C (-22 to 176°F)
- Humidity: 10 to 95%, non-condensing
- LEDs: <u>PWR LED</u> for power

CAN LED for CAN bus communication

UART LED for UART communication

Software Utility tool:

- CAN bus baud rate configuration
- CAN acceptance filter configuration
- CAN or CAN FD
- CAN 2.0A or 2.0B specific selection
- RS-232/485/422 baud rate and data format configuration
- Checksum function selection of the RS-232/485/422 communication
- Communication mode setting
- Function for transmitting or receiving CAN messages

Application:

- Factory Automation
- Building Automation
- Home Automation
- Control system
- Monitor system
- Vehicle Automation

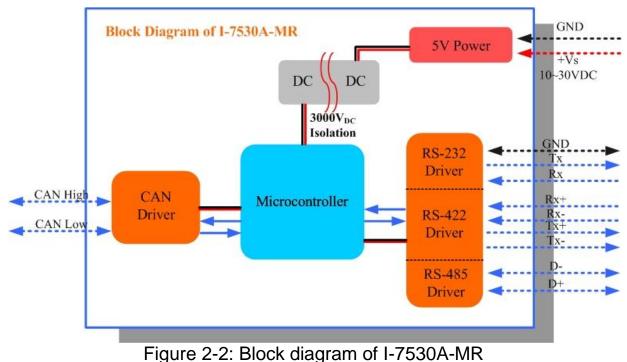
2. Hardware



Figure 2-1: Hardware profile of the I-7530A-MR-FD

2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-2 is a block diagram illustrating the functions of the I-7530A-MR-FD module. It provides the $3000V_{DC}$ Isolation in the CAN and UART interface. And hardware media in RS-232 interface only adopts 3-wire connection.

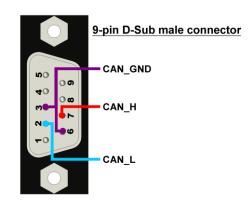


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2.2 Pin Assignment

Table 2-1: CAN DB9 Male Connector

Pin	Description
1	Not Connect
2	CAN Low
3	CAN Ground
4	Not Connect
5	Not Connect
6	CAN Ground
7	CAN High
8	Not Connect
9	Not Connect



Pin	Description	
1	RS-485 DATA+	
2	RS-485 DATA-	
3	No use	$ \bigcirc \bigcirc \nabla A $ $ \bigcirc \nabla D^+ $
4	RS-422 TxD+	
5	RS-422 TxD-	
6	RS-422 RxD+	
7	RS-422 RxD-	□ ◎ RxD- 」
8	No use	
9	RS-232 RXD	
10	RS-232 TXD	$\square \bigcirc TxD \xrightarrow{\mathbb{F}}_{3}$
11	RS-232 GND	$\square \bigcirc GND \square$
12	No use	
13	+Vs(+10 ~ +30 VDC)	
14	GND	$ \otimes GND ^{14}$

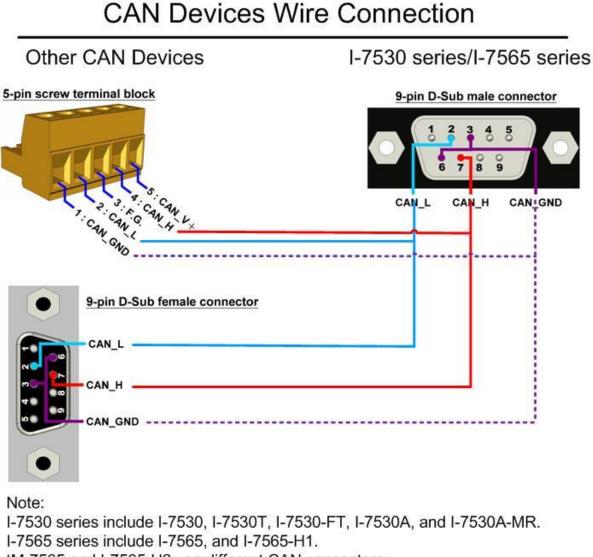
Figure 2-3: Pin Assignment on the I-7530A-MR-FD

2.3 Hardware connection

The I-7530A-MR-FD module supports CAN/Serial port communication, it offers one CAN interface for CAN network and RS-232/485/422 interfaces for serial communication.

2.3.1 CAN port connection

The pin assignment of the CAN port of the I-7530A-MR-FD (DB9 male) is defined in both the CANopen DS102 profile and in appendix C of the DeviceNet specifications. It is the standard pin assignment for CAN interface. The hardware connection between the target device and the I-7530A-MR-FD is shown as Figure 2-4.

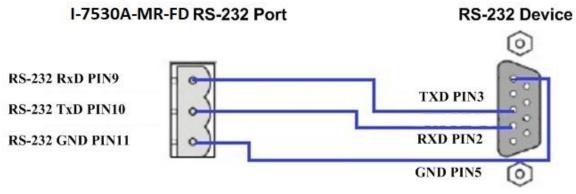


tM-7565 and I-7565-H2 use different CAN connectors.

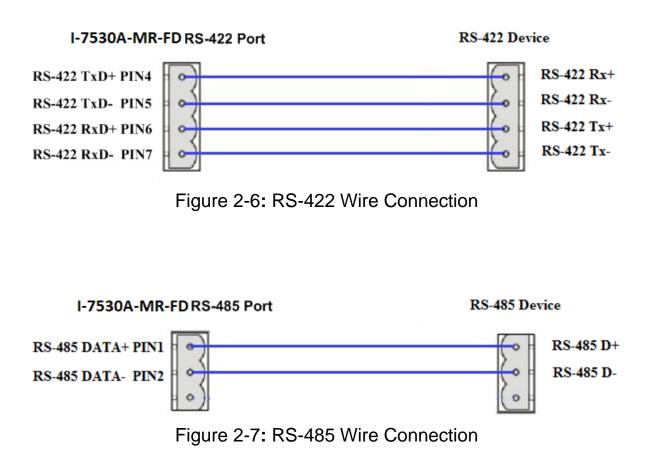
Figure 2-4: CAN Hardware Wire Connection

2.3.2 Serial port connection

The I-7530A-MR-FD offers three serial interfaces. It is recommended to use only one of them at the same time. The following figures describe these port types and the wiring method for a serial device.







2.4 Terminator Resistor Settings

According to the ISO 11898 specifications, the CAN Bus network must be terminated by two terminal resistors (120Ω). They are shown as following figure.

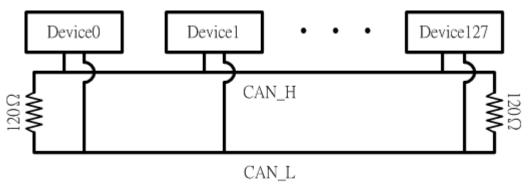
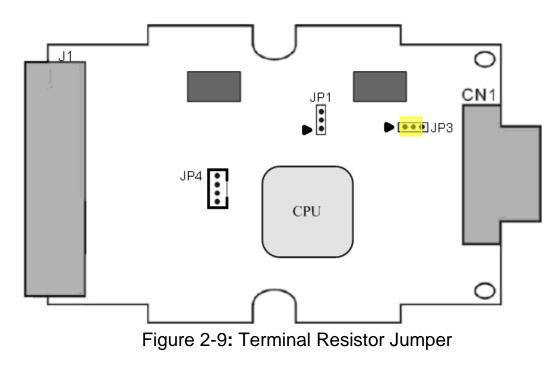


Figure 2-8: Terminal Resistor

Therefore, the I-7530A-MR-FD module supplies a jumper for activating the terminal resistor. If users want to use this terminal resistor, please open the I-7530A-MR-FD cover and use the <u>JP3</u> to activate the 120 Ω terminal resistor built in the module, as the Figure 2-9. Note that the default setting is active.



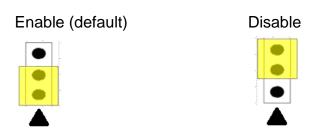


Figure 2-10: Terminal resistor JP3 Jumper Position

2.5 Init / Normal Dip-switch

On the back of the I-7530A-MR-FD module, there is a DIP-switch used to configure the "<u>firmware operation mode</u>", "<u>firmware update mode</u>" or "<u>module configuration mode</u>". The following steps show how to use it.

2.5.1 Firmware Update Mode

Please set the DIP-switch to the "Init" (Initial) position as Figure 2-12, and then the I-7530A-MR-FD will work in the "<u>Firmware Update Mode</u>" after resetting the power of the module. In the firmware update mode, users can update the firmware of the I-7530A-MR-FD module from computer's RS-232 port via CA-0910 cable, as Figure 2-12~2-14.

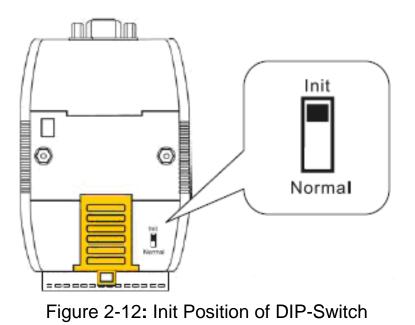




Figure 2-13: CA-0910 Cable

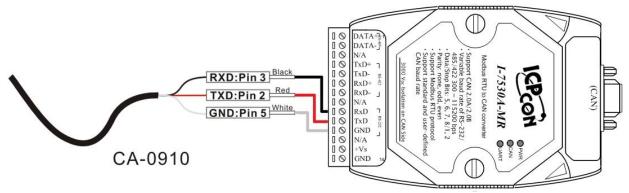


Figure 2-14: Firmware downloads connection

While updating the firmware, users need to execute "Firmware_Update_Tool.exe". The following steps show the update procedure.

- [1] Run the Firmware_Update_Tool.exe.
- [2] Choose "COM" interface and "COM Port".
- [2] Click "**Browser**" button to choose the firmware file. (e.g. **I7530AMRFD_100.fw**)
- [3] Click "Firmware Update" button to start firmware update process.

😌 Firmware Update Tool v1.03
COM Port:
c 2. Firmware Path D:\17530AMR\Firmware\17530AMR_100.fw
3 Browser
3. Firmware Update Click "Firmware Update" button to start firmware updating !!
Open ? 🔀
Look jn: C Firmware
4
File name: 17530AMR_100.fw 5 Open
Files of type: Firmware File(*.fw) Cancel Image: Open as read-only Image: Open as read-only

Figure 2-15: I-7530A-MR-FD firmware update process

The I-7530A-MR –FD firmware can be downloaded from https://www.icpdas.com/tw/product/I-7530A-MR-FD Download Center ->Firmware

The "Firmware_Update_Tool" program can be downloaded from <u>https://www.icpdas.com/tw/product/I-7530A-MR-FD</u> Download Center -> Utility&Tool->I-7530-A-MR-FD Firmware Update Tool

2.5.2 Firmware Operation Mode

Please set the DIP-switch to the "Normal" position as Figure 2-16 and power on the I-7530A-MR-FD module. The module's PWR LED always turned on and the others LEDs are turned off. That means the I-7530A-MR-FD module is working in the operation mode. In this mode, users can use the RS-232/485/422 device to send/receive CAN messages via COM port.

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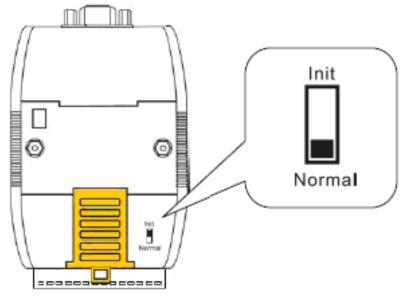


Figure 2-16: Normal Position of Dip-Switch

2.5.3 Module Configuration Mode

During the module is running in the Firmware Operation Mode, set the DIP-switch to the "Init" (Initial) position as Figure 2-12 and wait for three seconds. The module's PWR LED still turns on and the others LEDs will flash approximately once per second. That means the I-7530A-MR-FD module is working in the "Module Configuration Mode". In this mode, users can use UART2CAN Utility to configure the communication parameters and communication modes of the module.

2.6 LED Indication

There are three LEDs to indicate what the state of the I-7530A-MR-FD is in. The positions of these three LEDs are shown as Figure 2-17.

(1) PWR LED :

It is used to help users with checking if the I-7530A-MR-FD is standby. If the module is supplied the proper power, the PWR LED is turned on. The different situations of the module may cause the different blinking display. The PWR LED is always turned on when the module works in a good condition. When the Bus-Off error is happened, the PWR LED will blink every 500 ms until the Bus-Off condition disappears. If the CAN message can't be sent out successfully, the PWR LED will blink every 100 ms.

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(2) CAN LED :

It is used to show whether the I-7530A-MR-FD is transmitting/receiving CAN messages. The CAN LED will blink whenever a CAN message is sending or receiving.

(3) UART LED :

It is used to show whether the I-7530A-MR-FD is transmitting/receiving COM messages. The UART LED will blink whenever a COM message is sending or receiving.

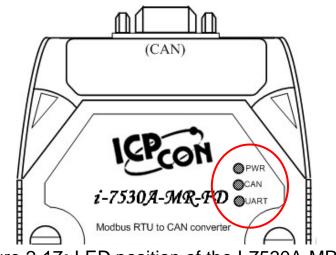


Figure 2-17: LED position of the I-7530A-MR-FD

Table 2-3: LED indication of the I-7530A-MR-FD

LED Name	I-7530A-MR Status	LED Status
	Firmware Updating Mode	All LED always turned on
ALL LEDs	Module Configuration Mode	PWR LED always be turned on and the other LEDs blink every 1000 ms
	No Error	Always turned on
PWR LED	CAN Bus Transmission Fail	Blink every 100 ms
FWK LED	CAN Bus-Off	Blink every 500 ms
	Power Failure	Off
CAN LED	Transmission	Blink
CAN LED	Bus Idle	Off
UART LED	Transmission	Blink
UARTLED	Bus Idle	Off

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2.7 Cable Selection

The CAN bus is a balanced (differential) 2-wire interface running over either a Shielded Twisted Pair (STP), Un-shielded Twisted Pair (UTP), or Ribbon cable. The CAN-L and CAN-H Wire start on one end of the total CAN network that a terminator of 120 Ohm is connected between CAN-L and CAN-H. The cable is connected from CAN node to CAN node, normally without or with short T connections. On the other end of the cable again a 120Ω (Ohm) terminator resistor is connected between the CAN lines. How to decide a cable type, cable length, and terminator depends on the baud rate in the CAN bus network, please refer to the following table 2-4.



Figure 2-18: Un-shielded Twisted Pair (UTP)

Bus speed	Cable type	Cable Resistance/m	Terminator	Bus Length					
50k bit/s at 1000m	0.75~0.8mm2 18AWG	70 mOhm	150~300 Ohm	600~1000m					
100k bit/s at 500m	0.5~0.6 mm2 20AWG	< 60 mOhm	150~300 Ohm	300~600m					
500k bit/s at 100m	0.34~0.6mm2 22AWG, 20AWG	< 40 mOhm	127 Ohm	40~300m					
1000k bit/s at 40m	0.25~0.34mm2 23AWG, 22AWG	< 40 mOhm	124 Ohm	0~40m					

Table 2-4: Cable selection

Note: The AWG means a standard method used to measure wire. The numbering system works backwards from what people would think, the thicker (heavier) the wire, the lower the number. For example: a 24AWG wire is thicker/heavier than a 26AWG wire.

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3. Software Utility

The UART2CAN Utility tool can be used to configure the operational conditions of the I-7530A-MR-FD between the CAN and RS-232/485/422 communications. It also can used to transmit or receive a CAN message for simple testing. To start the "UART2CAN Utility", please install the UART2CAN Utility setup file and run the UART2CAN_Utility.exe file. The screenshot of the configuration and testing screen are given in the below figure. The next section will show you how to configure the I-7530A-MR-FD and test it by using UART2CAN Utility.

	In Diagnostic for I-7530A-MR (COM7, Normal)	
	Connection Configuration About	
🔡 Select Converter 🛛 🔲 🔀	Send	
PC COM Port	✓ Use CAN Message	ms) 1000 Send
COM Port COM1 💌		
Bauchrate 115200 💌 bps	Modbus Command	nd of Char
Parity None 🖌 bit	ID Function Code StartAddress WordCount ByteCount 01 (h) 4 V 0000 (h) 0009 (h) 0E (h)	None O CR O LF
Data Bit 8 🖌 bit		CR+LF O LF+CR
Stop Bit 1 vit	CAN Message MODE ID (Hex) RTR DLC D1(h) D2(h) D3(h) I	244) D(4) D(4) D(4) D(4)
Connect to Module	MODE ID (Hex) RIR DLC D1(h) D2(h) D5(h) I 11-bit ID ∨ 000 No ∨ 8 ∨ 00 00 00	04(h) D5(h) D6(h) D7(h) D8(h)
1-7530A-MR		
Connect Exit	Receive	
	Receive	Save Clear
Configure for I-7530A-MR (COM1)		
File About		
Firmware Version: 1.02	Modbus RTU CAN Port	
Communication Mode Normal 🗸	Device ID (hex) 01 Specification 2.0A	
COM Port	Sepcific CAN ID Baudrate 1000 v k	bps
BaudRate 115200 v hps	Add Delete	bps
Parity None 🖌 bit	CAN ID Type	opu
Data Bit 8 😽 bit	● 11-bit D ○ 29-bit D	
Stop Bit 1 v hit		
	Mode ID (hex)	
	2 3	
Error Response No 🛩	4 Create CAN Filter File	
Timestamp Response No 💌	5	
Pair Connection	7 Download CAN Filter File	
End of Command None		
Fixed Tx CAN ID 001 (h)		
Response with CAN ID	Defaults Close	
CAN Timeout 500 us		
UART Timeout 3000 us		

Figure 3-1: Configuration and testing screen for UART2CAN Utility.

3.1 Install the UART2CAN Utility

Step 1: Get the UART2CAN Utiltiy

The software is located at: <u>https://www.icpdas.com/tw/product/I-7530A-MR-FD</u> Download Center ->Utility&Tool->I-7530-A-MR-FD Utility

Step 2: Install .NET Framework 4 Client Profile component

The UART2CAN Utility tool requires the Windows Installer 3.1 and the .NET Framework 4 Client Profile components. These components can be obtained from the web site.

Windows Installer 3.1:

https://www.icpdas.com/tw/product/I-7530A-MR-FD Download Center ->Utility&Tool->I-7530-A-MR-FD Utility Environment

.NET Framework 4 Client Profile:

https://www.icpdas.com/tw/product/I-7530A-MR-FD Download Center ->Utility&Tool->I-7530-A-MR-FD Utility Environment

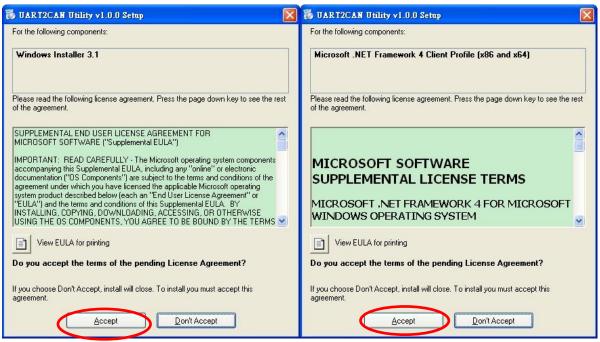


Figure 3-2: Setup the Windows Installer and .NET Framework.

Step 3: Install Utility tool

After installing the .Net Framework components, please run the UART2CAN Utility setup file.

1. Click the "Next" button to continue.

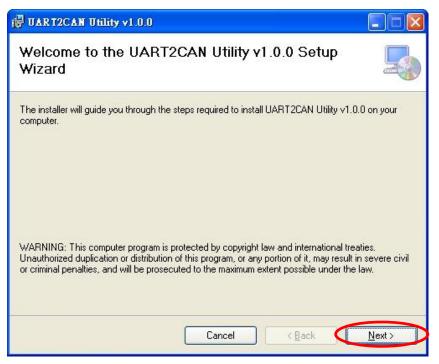


Figure 3-3: Setup the UART2CAN Utility.

2. Select the installation path of the UART2CAN Utility and click the "Next" button.

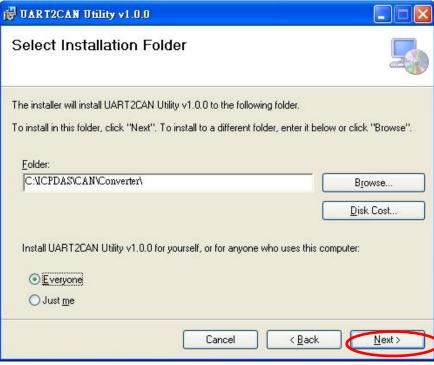


Figure 3-4: Select Installation Folder.

3. Confirm the installation. Click the "Next" button to start the installation.

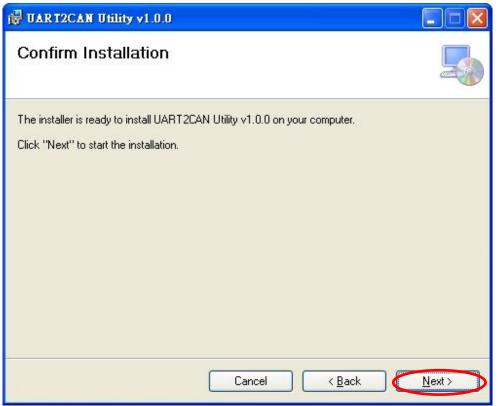


Figure 3-5: Confirm Installation.

4. Installation complete. Click the "Close" button to exit.

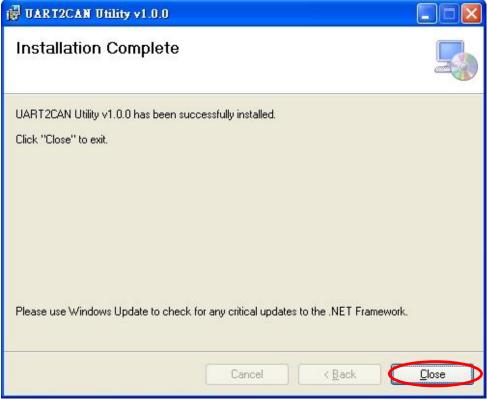


Figure 3-6: Installation complete.

3.2 Configure the module parameters

In this section, we will describe how to configure the communication parameters of the I-7530A-MR-FD module with the UART2CAN Utility.

3.2.1 Connect to the I-7530A-MR-FD module with UART2CAN Utility

- 1. Set the Init/Normal switch to the "Normal" position, which is found on the back of the I-7530A-MR*FD module.
- 2. Supply the proper electric power (the 10~30 DC volts) to the I-7530A-MR-FD module.
- 3. Set the Init/Normal switch to the "Init" (Initial) position at least three seconds.
- 4. The PWR LED of the I-7530A-MR-FD module will turned on and the other LEDs will flash approximately once per second. That means the I-7530A-MR-FD module is working in the configuration mode.
- 5. Run the UART2CAN Utility software after connecting the PC COM port and the I-7530A-MR-FD RS-232 port by the cable CA-0910.
- Select the necessary PC COM port to connect with the I-7530A-MR-FD, as shown in the following figure. Then click the "Connect" button.

COM Port	COM1	~			
Baudrate	115200	~	bps		
Parity	None	~	bit		
Data Bit	8	*	bit		
Stop Bit	1	~	bit		

Figure 3-7: The PC's COM port configuration form.

Note: When the I-7530A-MR is working in the configuration mode, it can

only be communicated by using 115200 baud rate.

7. Then the I-7530A-MR-FD configuration window will be brought out. The UART2CAN Utility will show the communication information of the I-7530A-MR-FD module, as shown in the following figure.

le About irmware Versi e	on: 3.00					
ommunication Mod Module Config	e Normal Advanced	d Con	vifig		Setting	
COM Port				CAN Port		
BaudRate	115200	~	bps	Specification	2.0B ~	
Parity	None	~	bit	Baudrate	1000 ~	1. 1.
Data Bit	8	~	bit			k bps
Stop Bit	1	~	bit	Sample point	100 75.0	k bps %
Add Checksum	No	~			/5.0	19.57
Error Response	No	~				
Timestamp Resp	onse No	~		Enable CAN	FD	
				Data Baudrate	6000	k bps
				Data Sample point	75.0	%
				Enable CAN	Filter	
				CAN Filter Co	nfig	
	faults	_		Create CA	N Filter File	

Figure 3-8: The configuration form of the I-7530A-MR-FD module. (COM Port & CAN Port)

irmware Version: 3.00				
Immunication Mode Normal V Module Config Advanced Config	Setting			
Modbus Slave	Pair Connection			
Device ID (hex) 01	End of Command None			
Sepcific CAN ID Add Delete CAN ID Type (a) 11-bit ID () 29-bit ID () 001	Fixed Tx CAN ID00000001(h)Response with CAN IDUART Timeout3000usCAN Timeout500us			
Mode ID (hex) 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 -	Uart Switch CAN-ID Length 0 00000001 (h) CAN-ID Offset 0 0 Direction Bidirection			
6 7	Response with CAN ID			
8 9	UART Timeout 3000 us			
10	CAN Timeout 500 us			

Figure 3-9: The configuration form of the I-7530A-MR-FD module. (Slave & Pair connection & Uart Switch Mode)

3.2.2 Select the communication mode

The I-7530A-MR-FD supports four communication modes: "Normal", "Pair connection", "Modbus Slave", and "Modbus Master Mode".

In the Normal mode, it accurately converts ASCII format messages and CAN messages between RS-232/485/422 and CAN interfaces. In the Modbus Slave mode, it allows a Modbus master to communicate with CAN devices on a CAN network. In pair-connection mode, this module provides the transparent communication between the RS-232/485/422 devices via CAN bus. In the Modbus Master mode, this module is worked as Modbus Master/CAN module. It can communicate with Modbus slave device via RS-232/485/422.

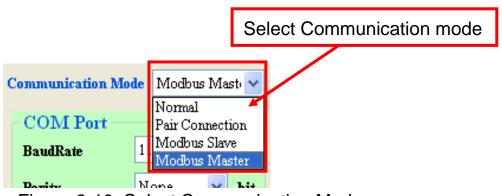


Figure 3-10: Select Communication Mode.

3.2.3 Set the COM port parameters

- When the function "Add Checksum" is set to "Yes", users need to communicate to the I-7530A-MR-FD with checksum mechanism. (For checksum algorithm, please refer to page 51)
- 2. If the "Error Response" is set to "Yes", the error code will be responded when the incorrect communication commands are sent to the I-7530A-MR-FD.
- 3. If the "Timestamp Response" is set to "Yes", the timestamp value will be responded when the CAN message commands are sent out from the COM port of I-7530A-MR-FD.

These three parameters above can only use at the "Normal" communication mode.

COM Port			
BaudRate	115200	~	bps
Parity	None	~	bit
Data Bit	8	~	bit
Stop Bit	1	~	bit
Add Checksum	No	~	
Error Response	No	~	
Timestamp Resp	onse N	o 🗸	

Figure 3-11: The COM port of I-7530A-MR-FD configuration.

3.2.4 Set the CAN parameters

Select the communication parameters of the CAN port and check the "Enable CAN Filter" item to make the CAN filter enable if necessary. About how to set the CAN Filter, please refer to the section 3.3.

Specification	2.0B	~	
Baudrate	1000	~	k bps
	100		k bps
Sample point	75.0		%
✓ Enable CAN	FD		
☑ Enable CAN Data Baudrate	FD 6000		k bps
	6000		k bps %
Data Baudrate	6000 t 75.0		

Figure 3-12: The CAN port of I-7530A-MR-FD configuration.

- Enable CAN FD: If the CAN FD mode is checked, the transmitted CAN message packets are in the format of CAN FD. If not checked, they are in the format of general CAN messages.
- Sample point: It is recommended to use the default value. If you need to modify it, the recommended range is 75~87.5.

Data Sample point : The recommended range is 75~87.5.

Note: The Baud Rate and Sample point of CAN will be set according to the value input by the user, but some values may not be available and use the similar value or default value. The actual value will be displayed at the bottom of the connected window (Need to use RS232 connection in Normal Mode).

Connection Configuration About			
Send			
Use CAN Message	🗹 Timer (ms)	200	Send
t3214001020304050607080910111213141516171819202	21222324252627282930	3132333435	репи
Modbus Command	End of	Char	
ID Function Code StartAddress WordCount	O No	ne 🔿 CR	O LF
01 (h) 4 0000 v (h) 0009 (h)		+LF 🔾 LF+	+CR
CAN Message	FD .	Data(h)	
MODE ID (Hex) RTR DLC		03-04-05-06-0	
Representation and a second seco	1 17-18-	11-12-13-14-1 19-20-21-22-2	15-16- 23-24-
	25-26-	27-28-29-30-3 35-36-37-38-3	31-32-
Receive	L		
⊠ Receive		Save	Clear
			^
	-		

Figure 3-12: The actual value of Baud Rate

3.2.5 Set the "Pair Connection" parameter

When users select the "Pair Connection" communication mode, the functions, "End of Command", "Fixed Tx CAN ID" and "Response with CAN ID", are useful. In pair connection mode, all commands written to I-7530A-MR-FD COM port will be transferred to the CAN bus directly. For more detail information about pair connection mode, please refer to the section 3.4.

Pair Connectio	on	/	None
d of Command	None	- 34	CR
] Fixed Tx CAN	ID 001	(h)	LF CR-LF
Response with	A CAN ID		LF-CR
N Timeout	500	us	
	3000	Contraction of the	

Figure 3-13: The configuration for Pair connection.

3.2.6 Set the "Modbus Slave" parameter

When users select the "Modbus Slave" communication mode, the functions, "Device ID" and "Specific CAN ID", are useful. In the "Specific CAN ID" field, users can set maximum 100 CAN IDs which indicate the corresponding CAN messages to be stored in the specific Modbus Input Register respectively. In the Modbus Input Register, the register range of the "Specific CAN ID" occupies the section from 0x0800 to 0x0859 and e ach CAN ID will use 9 Modbus input registers for normal CAN. "Specific CAN ID" occupies the section from 0x2BFF and each CAN ID will use 37 Modbus input registers for CAN FD.

In Modbus Slave mode, users need to communicate with the I-7530A-MR-FD via using Modbus RTU command.The I-7530A-MR-FD only supports function code 03/04/06/10 of Modbus RTU commands for reading and writing CAN messages. For more details about Modbus Slave mode, please refer to the section 5.

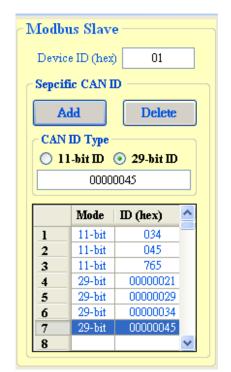


Figure 3-14: The configuration for Modbus Slave mode.

3.2.7 Configuration of default value

If users click the "Defaults" button, all of the module communication parameters on the I-7530A-MR-FD will be set to the factory default, which are:

Communication M	1ode = Normal	
RS232/485/422:	Baud rate	= 115200 kbps
	Data Bit	= 8
	Stop Bit	= 1
	Parity	= None
	Add Checksum	= No
	Error Response	= No
	Timestamp Response	= No
CAN bus:	CAN Specification $= 2$	
	CAN bus Baud rate =	125 kbps
	Enable CAN Filter = u	
	Enable CAN FD = unc	hecked
Pair-connection:	End of Command	
	Fixed Tx CAN ID	
	Response with CAN I	
Modbus Slave:	Device ID	= 1
	Specify CAN ID Table	= empty
		1. 2

3.2.8 Load/Save the parameter configuration

The "Open Parameter File" function provides users to load parameters from existing configuration file (*.INI). And the "Save Parameter from Utility" function provides users to save the current configuration to a file (*.INI).

💀 Configure for I-7530	Load Paramete	r Configuration
File About	<u></u>	
Open Parameter	File	lbus RTU
Save Parameter f	rom Utility	
Read CAN Filter	from Module	vice ID (hex) 01
COM Port	S	ave Parameter Configuration
BaudRate 1152		

Figure 3-15: Load/Save the parameter configuration from/to file.

3.3 CAN Filter Configuration

To use the CAN filter function, please check "Enable CAN Filter" and click "Create CAN Filter File" to enter the interface for setting CAN filter.

le About irmware Versio	on: 3.00					
ommunication Mod Module Config	e Norma Advance		ıfig	× [Settin	g
COMPort				CAN Port		
BaudRate	115200	~	bps	Specification	2.0B ~	
Parity	None	~	bit	Baudrate	125 ~	k bps
Data Bit	8	~	bit		83.333	k bps
Stop Bit	1	~	bit			w op 5
Add Checksum	No	~				
Error Response	No	~		🗹 Enable C	AN FD	
Timestamp Resp	onse No	, v		Data Baudrate	125	k bps
1				CAN Filter		1
Det	faults			1.		

Figure 3-16: CAN filter setting.

3.3.1 CAN filter setting procedure

The setting interface of CAN filter is shown in Figure 3-16.

000 From-CA	То	7FF	Add	
From-C/				
	AN ID(hex)	To-CAN	ID(hex)	Save File
				Load File
				Delete Row
				Clear Table

Figure 3-17 CAN filter setting interface

Setting steps:

From		07F	То	07F	Add	
	No	From-CAN I	D(hex)	To-CAN	ID(hex)	Save File
	0	100 m. de	04		015	Save File
•	1	01	7F		07F	
		et id will ow box	be disp	olayed i	in	Load File
			be disp	olayed i	in	Load File Delete Rov

Figure 3-18 CAN filter setting interface

- 1. Choose to set Standard ID (11bit ID) or Extended ID (29bit ID)
- 2. Enter the range for the ID filter and press "Add"
- 3. After pressing "Add", the table below will display the entered ID
- 4. Finally, click Set to transfer the setting value to I-7530A-MR-FD

Note: The ID entered is a passable ID

Taking Figure 3-17 as an example, the IDs that can be passed are 004~015 and 07F $\,$

Other function introduction:

110	m	075	То	750	Add		
		07F		07F	Add		
	No	From-C	AN ID(hex)	To-CAN I	D(hex)	Sa	ve File
	0		004 07F		015 07F		
						Lo	ad File
						Dele	ete Row

Save File: Save the table in the red box as an .ini file

Load File: Read the form of the .ini file to the red box

Delete Row: Clear a row of selected CAN ID ranges

Clear Table: Clear all tables

Get CAN Standard IDs: Read back the filter values set in the I-7530A-MR-FD

Set CAN Standard IDs: Set the values in the table to the I-7530A-MR-FD unit

3.4 Pair-connection Mode Description

The pair connection function usually needs two I-7530A-MR-FDs. When these two I-7530A-MR-FDs are in pair connection mode, all RS-232/485/422 commands transmitted from one of these two I-7530A-MR-FDs will be put in the data field of CAN message. This CAN message will be transferred to RS-232/485/422 commands by another I-7530A-MR-FD. The following section will show each condition for different pair connection configuration.

Application 1:

This application may be used in two general RS-232 devices which need to connect with each other, but the distance between is too long to communicate by using RS-232.

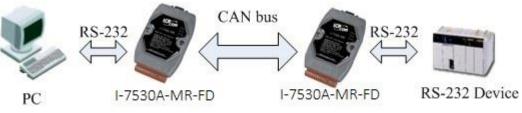
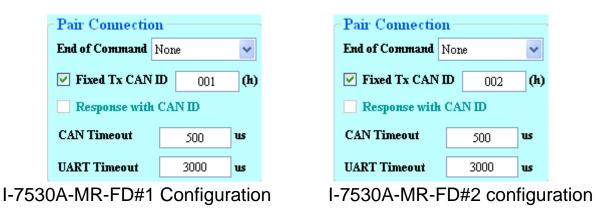


Figure 3-22: The diagram of Application 1.

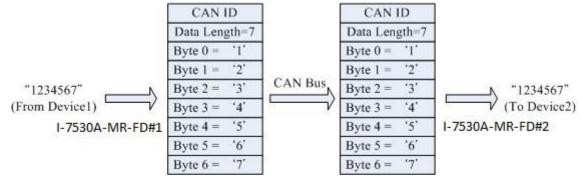
Configurations:

To apply this application, users need to configure the I-7530A-MR-FD#1 and I-7530A-MR-FD#2 as follows. The RS-232 configurations of the I-7530A-MR-FD#1 and I-7530A-MR-FD#2 are decided by the Device1 and Device2 RS-232 parameters.



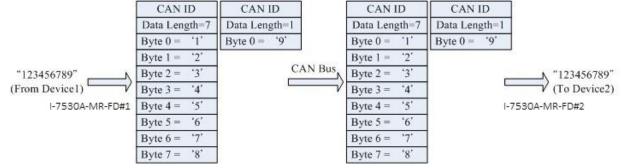
Communication Descriptions:

If there are 7 bytes data, "1234567", transmitted from Device1, the Device2 will also receive "1234567" from the COM port of I-7530A-MR-FD#2.



The CAN ID in above figure is determined by the CAN specification selected by users. If users select CAN 2.0A, the CAN ID is 11-bit ID. If CAN 2.0B is used, the CAN ID is 29-bit ID. Here, assume users set the Fixed Tx CAN ID field of I-7530A-MR-FD#1 to be 0x001 ("0x" is for hexadecimal format) and CAN 2.0A is used, the CAN ID displayed in above figure is 0x001.

If there are 9 bytes data, "123456789", transmitted from Device1, the Device2 will also receive "123456789" from the COM port of the I-7530A-MR-FD#2.



Note1: If users use 115200bps for RS-232 port of I-7530A-MR-FD, it is recommended that the configuration of the I-7530A-MR-FD CAN baud rate is closed to the configuration of RS-232 baud rate, such as 125K bps. When you use pair connection function of the I-7530A-MR-FD, the baud rate under 125K bps is proper. (Max. 256 bytes data at the same time) **Note2:** "CAN Timeout" and "UART Timeout" parameters are the timeout values for I-7530A-MR-FD to check when to send message to the other side. When receiving a message, the timeout will be refreshed. And when the timeout reach to zero, message will be sent. The units of these two values are micro-second.

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Application 2:

This application architecture is the same as the one of application1. The application architecture is show below. The difference will be discussed in the following paragraph.

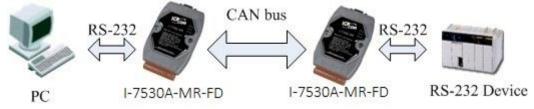


Figure 3-23: The diagram of Application 2.

Configurations:

To apply this application, user need to configure the I-7530A-MR-FD#1 and I-7530A-MR-FD#2 as follows. The RS-232 configurations of the I-7530A-MR-FD#1 and I-7530A-MR-FD#2 are decided by the Device1 and Device2 RS-232 parameters.

Pair Connection —		Pair Connection		
End of Command CR	~	End of Command CR	~	
Fixed Tx CAN ID	001 (h)	Fixed Tx CAN ID	002 (h)	
🔲 Response with CAN	D	📃 Response with CAN	1 D	
	afiauration		Configuration	

```
I-7530A-MR-FD#1 Configuration
```

I-7530A-MR-FD#2 Configuration

Communication Descriptions:

The communication of this condition is similar with the communication of condition 1. The difference is that the I-7530A-MR-FD#2 of the application 1 will transfer the RS-232 commands to Device2 immediately if it receives any CAN message from the I-7530A-MR-FD#1. The I-7530A-MR-FD#2 of application 2 will not transfer the RS-232 commands to Device2 until it has checked the end character of RS-232 command (The end of RS-232 command is 'CR'). For example, if the Device1 sends RS-232 commands "123456789", the Device2 in application 1 will receive the data "12345678" immediately, and receive the data "9" with a little delay. But, Device2 in application 2 will receive the data "123456789" at the same time (Max. 256 bytes data at the same time).

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Application 3:

This application may be used to construct a RS-232 device network via CAN bus. The architecture is shown below.

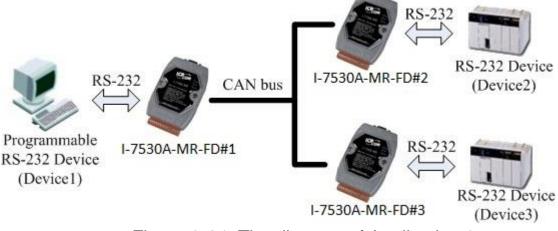


Figure 3-24: The diagram of Application 3.

Configurations:

In order to apply this application, users need to configure the I-7530A-MR-FD#1, I-7530A-MR-FD#2, and I-7530A-MR-FD#3 as follows. The RS-232 configurations of these I-7530A-MR-FDs are decided by the connected RS-232 device.

Enable CAN Filter	Pair Connection					
CAN Filter Config	End of Command	CR		~		
Create CAN Filter File	Fixed Tx CAN ID 0		001	01 (h)		
	Response with	1 CAN	D			

Figure 3-25: I-7530A-MR-FD#1 Configuration.

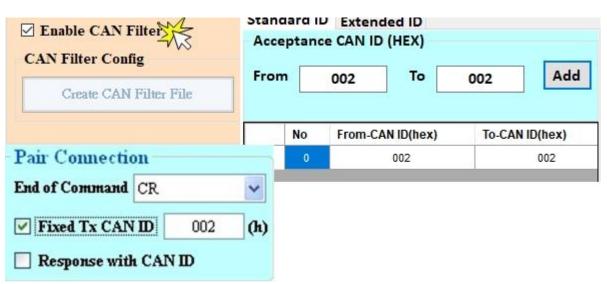


Figure 3-26: I-7530A-MR-FD#2 Configuration.

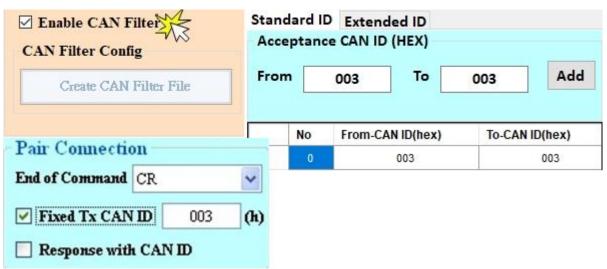
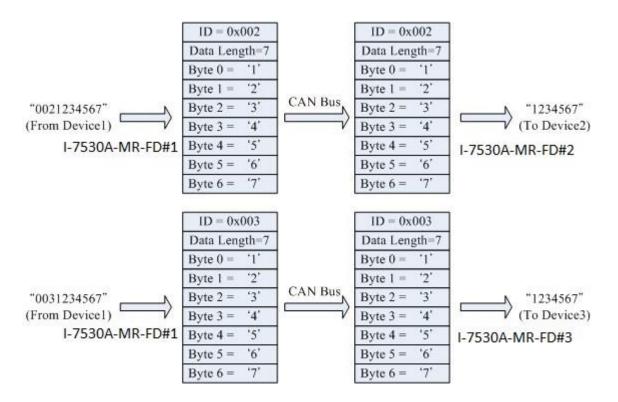


Figure 3-27: I-7530A-MR-FD#3 Configuration.

Communication Descriptions:

When the Device1 want to transmit the RS-232 command "1234567" to Device2, the command written to I-7530A-MR-FD#1 by the Device1 needs to be "0021234567" because the Device1 is set to dynamic Tx CAN ID (Fixed Tx CAN ID is not checked). The first three bytes of "0021234567" is "002", it means that the CAN ID is 0x002 while the I-7530A-MR#1 receives the RS-232 commands from the Device1 and transfers it to CAN message. Afterwards, this CAN message is only accepted by Device2 because the configurations of acceptance code and acceptance mask of Device2. Similarly, if Device1 wants to send the RS-232 command "1234567" to Device3, it needs to send "0031234567" to the COM port of the I-7530A-MR-FD#1. When the Device2 or Device3

respond the RS-232 commands "456789", the CAN message will have CAN ID "0x002" and "0x003" because of the configurations of the "Fixed Tx CAN ID" of the I-7530A-MR-FD#2 and I-7530A-MR-FD#3. Due to the response CAN ID of the I-7530A-MR-FD#1 I-7530A-MR-FD#2, the Device1 will receive the RS-232 commands "002456789" or "003456789". Therefore, Device1 can decide the target device which RS-232 commands will be sent to. Also, Device1 knows where the RS-232 commands come from. The general concept of transmitting data from Device1 to Device2 is shown below.



Note: In pair connection mode, all command strings listed in the section 4 are useless.

3.5 Testing the I-7530A-MR-FD module

The following procedure will guide users to learn how to transmit/receive CAN messages to/from other devices/PCs by using the I-7530A-MR-FD converter.

- 1. Set the Init/Normal switch to the Normal position, which is found on the back of the I-7530A-MR-FD module.
- 2. Connect the I-7530A-MR-FD's CAN port into the CAN network, which must at least have one CAN device on the network.
- 3. Supply the 10~30 Vpc power into the I-7530A-MR-FD module through the power terminal.
- 4. The PWR LED on the I-7530A-MR-FD module will be turned on and the other LEDs will be turned off. That means the I-7530A-MR-FD is working in the operation mode.
- 5. Run the UART2CAN Utility software after connecting the PC and the I-7530A-MR-FD via cable CA-0910. Please refer to the figure 2-14.
- 6. Select the PC COM port, baud rate and data format, which will be used to connect with the COM port of the I-7530A-MR-FD.

PC COM	Port -		
COM Port	COM1	~	
Baudrate	115200	~	bps
Parity	None	~	bit
Data Bit	8	~	bit
Stop Bit	1	~	bit
Connect	to Mod	ule	
I-7530A-M	R		v

Figure 3-28: The configuration for the PC COM port.

7. Press the "Connect" button. Then the UART2CAN Utility will show the diagnostic window, as the figure below.

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	Module Nam		rt Communication		
	Diagnostic for I-7530A-				
Modbus RTU Command Field	Connection Configu Send Use CAN Message	Edit Box	Timer (ms)	1000 Send	End of
CAN Message Field	Modbus Command -		OF AN	0 CR 0 LF F 0 LF+CR & D60 D70 D80	Character Field
	Receive Receive	Message Ro	eceived Field	Save Clear	

Figure 3-29: Description of diagnostic form

8. Then users can transmit or receive CAN messages via the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

In this Utility tool, it supports three communication modes to transmit/receive CAN messages to/from other devices/PCs by using the I-7530A-MR-FD. There are the Normal mode, Pair connection mode and Modbus Slave mode. In the next section, we will describe how to use it.

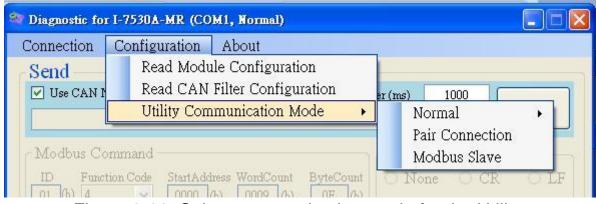


Figure 3-30: Select communication mode for the Utility.

3.5.1 Normal mode

In this mode, there are two methods for users to send messages to the I-7530A-MR-FD. The Utility screenshot is shown below.

📑 Diagnostic for I-7530A-MR (COM7, Normal) 🛶	Normal Mode
Connection Configuration About	
Send	
✓ Use CAN Message	Timer (ms) 1000 Send
Modbus Command ID Function Code 01 (b) 4 Fill Message	End of Char oyteCount O None OE (h) O CR+LF LF+CR
CAN Message MODE ID (Hex) RTR DLC D1(h) 11-bit ID V 000 No V 8 V 00	D2(h) D3(h) D4(h) D5(h) D6(h) D7(h) D8(h) 00 00 10 00 00 00 00 00
Receive	
🗹 Receive	Save Clear
Receive Message	

Figure 3-31: The active area of the Utility in Normal mode.

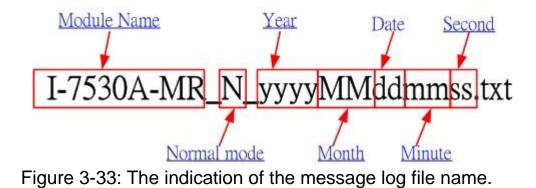
The first method (check "Use CAN Message") requires users to understand what message they want to send. Users need to key-in each part data of a CAN message. The second method (uncheck "Use CAN Message") allows the use of the command string found in table 4-1 to transmit messages. Both methods require the user to click the "Send" button to transmit the information to the CAN network. When checking the "Timer (ms)", the Utility will transmit the message periodically. If the function "Add Checksum" is set to "Yes", it means that messages sent to the I-7530A-MR-FD by the Utility will be run with checksum mechanism.

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onnection	Configuration About		
Send	Read Module Configuration		
🖌 Use CAN I	Read CAN Filter Configuration	er (ms) 1000	
	Utility Communication Mode	Normal 🕨	Add Checksum
		Pair Connection	
Modbus Command		Modbus Slave	

Figure 3-32: Enable the checksum mechanism in the Utility.

If the "Receive" is checked, the messages sent from the I-7530A-MR-FD will automatically be received and displayed in the "Receive" text box. Besides, users can click the "Clear" button to remove the messages in the text box. In addition, users can click the "Save" button to save the CAN messages in the "Receive" text box into the "I-7530A-MR_N_yyyyMMddmmss.txt" file. The indication of the file name is described as the figure below.



3.5.2 Pair Connection Mode

The testing Utility screenshot is shown below.

Diagnostic for I-7530A-MR (COM7, Pair) Connection Configuration About Send	Pair connection Mode
Use ASCII String	Timer (ms) 1000 Send
	End of Char
Receive Message RTR DLC D1(h) I	2260 D360 D460 D560 D660 D760 D860 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Receive Receive	Save Clear



User can key-in any information to the edit box and select the end of character. Then click the "Send" button to transmit the information to the CAN network. When checking the "Timer (ms)", the Utility will transmit the message periodically.

If the "Receive" is checked, the message sent from the I-7530A-MR-FD will automatically be received and displayed in the "Receive" text box. Besides, users can click the "Clear" button to remove the messages on the text box. In addition, users can click the "Save" button to save the messages in the "Receive" text box into the "I-7530A-

MR_P_yyyyMMddmmss.txt " file. The indication of the file name is described below.

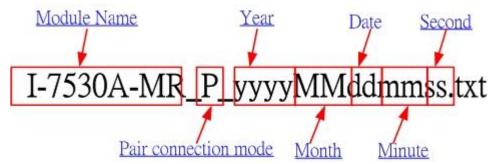


Figure 3-35: The indication of the name in the Pair connection mode.

3.5.3 Modbus Slave Mode

In this mode, there are two methods for users to send command to the I-7530A-MR-FD. The screenshot of the Utility is shown below.

Son Diagnostic for I-7530A-MR (COM1, Modbus Slave	Modbus Slave Mode
Connection Configuration About Send Use Modbus RTU Command Timer (n	ns) 1000 Send
Modbus Command ID Function Code StartAddress WordCount ByteCount 01 (h) 4 0000 (h) 0009 (h) 0E (h)	None Fill Message
	04(h) D5(h) D6(h) D7(h) D8(h) 00 00 00 00 00 00
Receive Receive	Save Clear
Received Message	

Figure 3-36: The active area of the Utility in the Modbus Slave mode.

Through the first method (check "Use Modbus RTU Command") users can use the function code 0x03, 0x04, 0x06, 0x10 of Modbus RTU commands for reading and writing CAN message. The second method (uncheck "Use Modbus RTU Command") requires users to understand the Modbus RTU protocol. Then key-in the correct Modbus RTU command in the text box. Both of the methods require users to click the

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"Send" button to transmit the command to the I-7530A-MR-FD module. When checking the "Timer (ms)", the Utility will transmit the command periodically.

If the "Receive" is checked, the messages sent from the I-7530A-MR-FD will automatically be received and displayed in the "Receive" text box. Besides, users can click the "Clear" button to remove the messages on the text box. In addition, users can click the "Save" button to save the messages in the "Receive" text box into the "I-7530A-MR_M_yyyyMMddmmss.txt" file. The indication of the file name is described below.

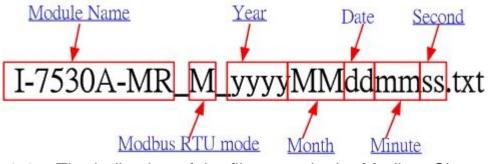


Figure 3-37: The indication of the file name in the Modbus Slave mode.

4. Command list (Only for normal mode)

In order to simplify the application, we provide 9 command strings to send/receive commands through the I-7530A-MR-FD. It can cover most of the applications. The general formats of the commands for the I-7530A-MR-FD are given below:

Command Format: <Command>[CHK]<CR>

<command/>	:	RS-232/485/422 commands of the I-7530A-MR-FD	
	_	O sharestan sharebarra value It is affective ashe if	

- [CHK] : 2-character checksum value. It is effective only if the checksum mechanism is set to enable by using UART2CAN Utility. For checksum algorithm, please refer to page 51
 - <CR> : All RS-232/485/422 commands of the I-7530A-MR-FD must be ended with the character "<CR>" (The ASCII value is 13).

The 9 command formats are given in the following table. More detailed information related to the each command will be described in the following sub sections.

1010	
Command	Description
tIIILDD[CHK] <cr></cr>	Send or receive a standard data frame.
TIIIL[CHK] <cr></cr>	Send or receive a standard remote frame.
ellIIIIILDD[CHK] <cr></cr>	Send or receive an extended data frame.
EIIIIIIIIL[CHK] <cr></cr>	Send or receive an extended remote frame.
S[CHK] <cr></cr>	Read the status value of the I-7530A-MR
P0BBDSPCE[CHK] <cr></cr>	*Change the RS-232/485/422 configuration
P1B [CHK] <cr></cr>	*Change the CAN Baud rate configuration
	*Change the user-defined CAN baud rate
P2BBBBB[CHK] <cr></cr>	configuration
RA[CHK] <cr></cr>	Reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

Table 4-1: Command list table

* NOTE:

This command will write parameters into EEPROM and EEPROM is limited to 10,000,000 erase/write cycles.

Checksum algorithm:

The checksum [CHK] is 2-characters of the sum of the command message, from the first character to the character before <CR>.

For example:

Command: Reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module, "RA[CHK]<CR>".

- 1. Sum of the string = (R' + A' = 52h + 41h = 93h).
- 2. Therefore the checksum is 93h and so [CHK]="93".
- 3. The command string with checksum ="RA93<CR>".

4.1 tIIILDD...[CHK]<CR>

Description: Send or receive a standard CAN data frame.

Syntax: tllLDD...[CHK]<CR>

t Represent a standard (2.0A) data frame.

III 11 bits Identifier (000~7FF)

L Data length (general CAN message: 0~8, CAN FD message is two characters LL:0~64)

DD... Input data frame value according to the data length (00~FF)

Response: Valid command: No response

Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>

- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.
- > Example:

Command: t03F6112233445566<CR>

Send a CAN message with a standard data frame. ID=03F, DLC=6, data1=11, data2=22, data3=33, data4=44, data5=55 and data6=66.

4.2 TIIIL[CHK]<CR>

Description: Send or receive a standard CAN remote frame.

- Syntax: TIIIL[CHK]<CR>
 - T Represents a standard (2.0A) remote frame.

III 11 bits Identifier (000~7FF)

- L Data length (0~8)
- Response: Valid command: No response

Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>

- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.
- > Example:

Command: T2E88<CR> Send a CAN message with a standard remote frame. ID=2E8, DLC=8.

4.3 ellIIIIILDD...[CHK]<CR>

Description: Send or receive an extended CAN data frame.

Syntax: ellIIIIILDD...[CHK]<CR>

e Stands for the extended (2.0B) data frame.
 iiiiiiiii 29 bits Identifier (0000000~1FFFFFF)
 L Data length (general CAN message: 0~8, CAN FD message is two characters LL:0~64)
 DD... Input data frame value according to the data length (00~FF)

Response: Valid command: No response

Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>

Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.

> Example:

Command: e1234567851122334455<CR>

Send a CAN message with an extended data frame. ID=12345678, DLC=5, data1=11, data2=22, data3=33, data4=44 and data5=55.

4.4 EIIIIIIIL[CHK]<CR>

Description: Send or receive an extended CAN remote frame.

Syntax: EIIIIIIIL[CHK]<CR>

E	Stands for the extended (2.0B) CAN remote frame.
	29 bits Identifier (0000000~1FFFFFF)
L	Data length (0~8)

Response: Valid command: No response

Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>

Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.

> Example:

Command: E010156786<CR>

Send a CAN message with an extended remote frame. ID=01015678, DLC=6.

4.5 S[CHK]<CR>

Description: Read the I-7530A-MR-FD CAN baud rate and error flag message.

Syntax: S[CHK]<CR>

- **S** Command character.
- Response: Valid Command: !CFFTTRRO[CHK]<CR> Invalid command: ?<Error Code>[CHK]<CR>
 - ! Delimiter for valid command
 - **C** current baud rate setting of CAN
 - FF CAN status register
 - TT CAN transmit error counter
 - **RR** CAN receive error counter
 - O CAN or RS-232/485/422 FIFO Overflow flag
- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information. Furthermore, all response results are shown in the ASCII format. Users need to make an ASCII to hex format transformation in order to understand what the meaning is. The following table shows all the indications of the response of this command.

AsciiToHex(C)	Description	
0	10K baud rate of CAN	
1	20K baud rate of CAN	

2	50K baud rate of CAN	
3	100K baud rate of CAN	
4	125K baud rate of CAN	
5	250K baud rate of CAN	
6	500K baud rate of CAN	
7	800K baud rate of CAN	
8	1000K baud rate of CAN	
F	User-defined baud rate of CAN	

Table 4-3: CAN status register list

AsciiToHex(FF)	Description	
Bit 7	Bus Status (0: Bus-On, 1: Bus-Off)	
Bit 6	Warning Status (0: No Warning, 1: Warning)	
Bit 5	Error Passive Status (0: Error Active, 1: Error Passive)	
Bit 4	CAN communication state	
Bit 3	0:Synchronizing,1:Idle,2:Receiver,3:Transmitter	
Bit 2	Last error code	
Bit 1	0:No error,1:Stuff error,2:Form error,3:Ack error	
Bit 0	4:Bit1 error,5:Bit0 error,6:CRC error,7:No Change	

Table 4-4: CAN and RS-232/485/422 FIFO overflow flag list

	0	
AsciiToHex(O)	Description	
Bit 3	Reserved	
Bit 2	Reserved	
Bit 1	RS-232/485/422 FIFO Overflow	
Bit 0	CAN FIFO Overflow	

Example:

Command: S<CR>

Receive: !50000000<CR>

Obtain some current information on the I-7530A-MR-FD module. The response will show the following results: CAN baud rate=250K, CAN status register= normal, CAN transmit error counter=0, CAN receive error counter=0 and CAN & RS232/485/422 FIFO= normal.

4.6 P0BBDSPCR[CHK]<CR>

Description: Change the RS-232/485/422 configuration on the I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

Syntax: P0BBDSPCR[CHK]<CR>

- P0 Command character
- **BB** RS-232/485/422 Baud rate
- D Data bit
 - 0 = 5 bits Data formation
 - 1 = 6 bits Data formation
 - 2 = 7 bits Data formation
 - 3 = 8 bits Data formation
- **S** Stop bit (0=1 stop bit, 1=2 stop bits)
- P Parity (0=None, 1=Odd, 2=Even)
- C Checksum (0=No, 1=Yes)
- **R** Other response

Table 4-5: RS-232/485/422 baud rate list

BB	Description
00	Reserved
01	Reserved
02	300 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
03	600 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
04	1200 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
05	2400 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
06	4800 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
07	9600 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
08	19200 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
09	38400 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
0A	57600 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
0B	115200 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422
0C	230400 bps baud rate of RS-232/485/422

Table 4-6: Other response list

AsciiToHex(R)	Description	
Bit 3	Reserved	
Bit 2	Reserved	
Bit 1	Enable timestamp response (0: No, 1: Yes)	
Bit 0	Enable error response (0: No, 1: Yes)	

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- Response: A valid command will write the RS-232/485/422 configuration parameters into the EEPROM and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module. Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>
- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.

> Example:

Command: P00B30000<CR>

Set the RS-232/485/422 baud rate=115.2 kbps, data bit=8, stop bit=1, none parity, no checksum, no error responses and no timestamp responses into the I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

4.7 P1B [CHK]<CR>

Description: Change the CAN Baud rate configuration of the I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

Syntax: P1B[CHK]<CR>

- P1 Command character
- B CAN Baud rate

Table 4-7: CAN baud rate list		
В	Description	
0	10 kbps baud rate of CAN	
1	20 kbps baud rate of CAN	
2	50 kbps baud rate of CAN	
3	100 kbps baud rate of CAN	
4	125 kbps baud rate of CAN	
5	250 kbps baud rate of CAN	
6	500 kbps baud rate of CAN	
7	800 kbps baud rate of CAN	
8	1000 kbps baud rate of CAN	
9,A,B,C,D,E	Reserved	
F	User-defined baud rate of CAN	

Table 4-7: CAN baud rate list

- Response: A valid command will write the CAN configuration baud rate into the EEPROM and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module. Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>
- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.

Example:

Command: P14<CR>

Set the CAN baud rate=125 kbps into the I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

4.8 P2BBBBB[CHK]<CR>

Description: Change the user-defined CAN baud rate configuration of I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

Syntax: P2BBBBB[CHK]<CR>

P2	Command character	
BBBBB	User-defined CAN baud rate	

Response: A valid command will write the user-defined CAN baud rate configuration into the EEPROM and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>

Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information. Furthermore, the value of BBBBB is the baud rate value multiplied 1000 and then converted into HEX format. For example, assume that users want to set the CAN baud rate as 83.333 kbps. The value BBBBB is the hex format of the value14585 (83.333 x 1000).

Example:

Command: P214585<CR>

Set the CAN baud rate=83.333 kbps into the I-7530A-MR-FD module and then reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

4.9 RA[CHK]<CR>

Description: Reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module. This command is usually used while the status of CAN bus is bus-off. In this case, users can use this command to reboot the module to work it again.

Syntax: RA[CHK]<CR>

RA Command character

- Response: Valid command will reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD module. Invalid command: ?<Error Code><CR>
- Note: It is necessary to enable the "Error Response" function while using the UART2CAN Utility in order to receive Syntax and/or communication error information.

> Example:

Command: RA<CR>

The I-7530A-MR-FD module will reboot after it had received this command.

4.10 General Error code for all command

If the Error response function on the I-7530A-MR-FD module is set to be "Yes" (that means enable) via the I-7530A-MR-FD Utility when configuration, the I-7530A-MR-FD will automatically send the error code to the RS-232/485/422 device or the host PC through the RS-232/485/422 media when the I-7530A-MR-FD produces an error message during the operation mode. The meanings of these error codes are given below:

Error code	Description	Possible causes & solutions		
1	Invalid header	The header of the RS-232/485/422 command string is not "t","T","e","E","S","P0", "P1","P2" nor "RA".		
2	Invalid length	The numbers of data of the CAN message does not match the data length of the CAN message. For example: Error: t001512345 <cr> Right: t00150102030405<cr></cr></cr>		
3	Invalid checksum	The checksum of the RS-232/485/422 command string does not match with the checksum calculated by the L-7530A-MR-ED		
4	Buffer overrun	The transmission buffer overrun is happened, users should retransmit the message later when this module is normal.		
5	Timeout	The ASCII command strings are sent incomplete. For example: Error: T0018 Right: T0018 <cr></cr>		

Table 4-8:	Error	code	table
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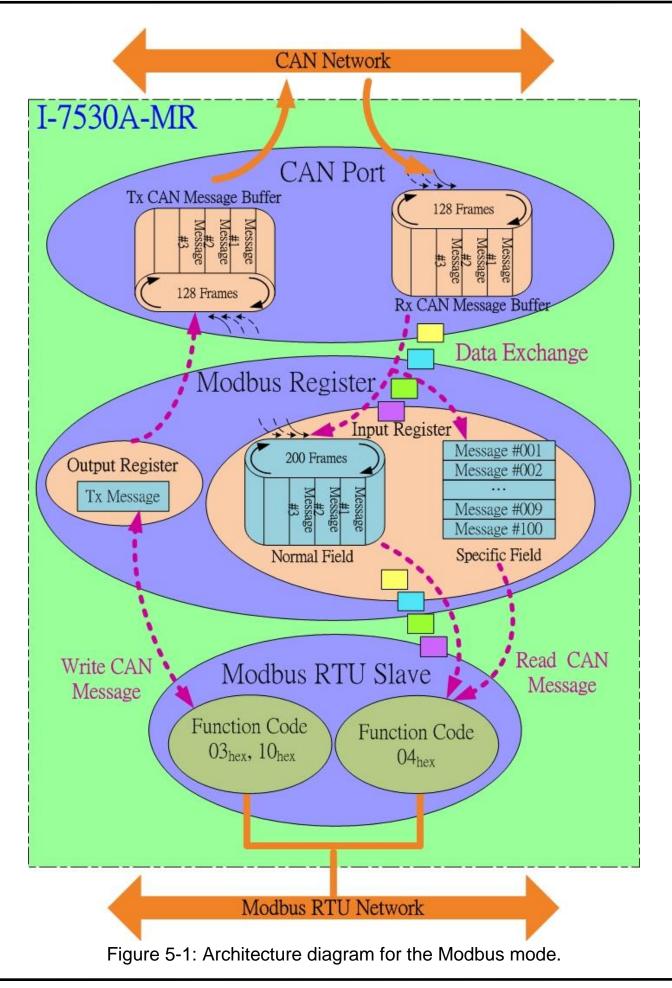
5. Modbus Slave Mode

The I-7530A-MR-FD, Modbus RTU to CAN converter, supports the Modbus RTU protocol. It can act as a Modbus RTU slave on the Modbus network. There are some mechanisms for data-exchanging between the CAN register and the Modbus RTU register as the figure at the next page.

In the Modbus Input Register, according to the different purposes these register are divided into three fields, "Normal CAN Message Field", "Specific CAN Message Field" and "Module Status Field". When a CAN message received from the CAN network, the I-7530A-MR-FD will check if the Specific CAN Message filed is used or not. If it is not used, this CAN message will be stored into the "Normal CAN Message" field. This filed is similar with a kind of FIFO (first-in first-out buffer). Users can only read this field with the start address of this field by applying the Modbus commands. After users read the CAN messages from this filed, the rest unread CAN messages will be moved to the buffer with the start address of this field. This field can store maximum 200 CAN messages. Therefore, if the unread CAN messages exceed 200 records, the data is lost.

If the Specific CAN Message filed is used, the CAN messages which are marked in the specific CAN message table of the Utility tool are directly moved to the Specific CAN Message field. CAN messages with different CAN IDs will be stored in different parts of the Specific CAN Message field. Users can set maximum 100 different CAN ID of CAN messages .Besides, a kind of CAN ID only has one record buffer. If there are two CAN messages with the same ID, the later will over-write the former. Therefore, the Specific CAN Message filed always keeps the newest information of the corresponding CAN messages with the specific CAN IDs.

If a CAN message is sent to a CAN network from a Modbus network via the I-7530A-MR-FD, the CAN message will be temporarily stored in Output Register and not be transmitted until the CAN bus idle. The Output Register is only one message buffer. If the data overrun is happened, users will get an error code for replying. Users can also use Modbus RTU command to read the CAN message transmitted before. It is helpful for checking the last sent record.



5.1 Supported Modbus Functions

The Modbus function codes supported by the I-7530A-MR-FD are shown in the following table.

Function Code	Function Name	Description	
2 (02 Hav)	Reading Output	Read multiple registers for a sent	
3 (03 Hex)	Register	CAN messages	
4 (04 110)	Reading Input	Read multiple input registers for	
4 (04 Hex)	Register	reading CAN messages	
C(0C low)	Write Output	1. Write single registers for	
6 (06 Hex)	Register	sending a CAN message.	
		1. Write multiple registers for	
16 (10 Hov)	Preset Multiple	sending a CAN message	
16 (10 Hex)	Registers	2. Configuration Command	
		(00256~00512)	

Table 5-1: Supported Modbus Function Codes

5.2 Modbus Address

According to the different purposes these register are divided into three fields, "Normal CAN Message Field", "Specific CAN Message Field" and "Module Status Field". The diagram of Input Register are shown below :

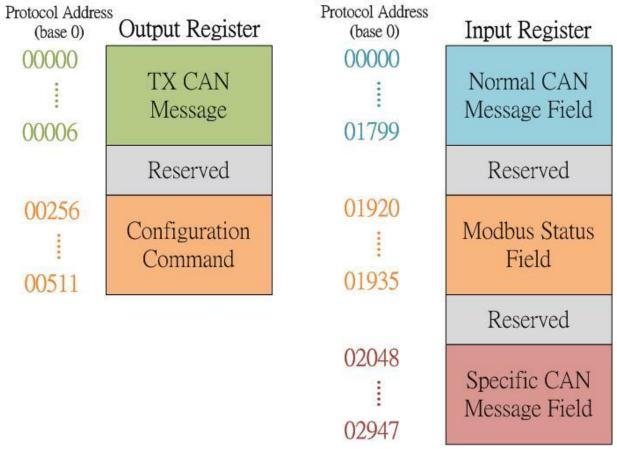


Figure 5-2: In the I-7530A-MR-FD, the general CAN message input register and output register define the address

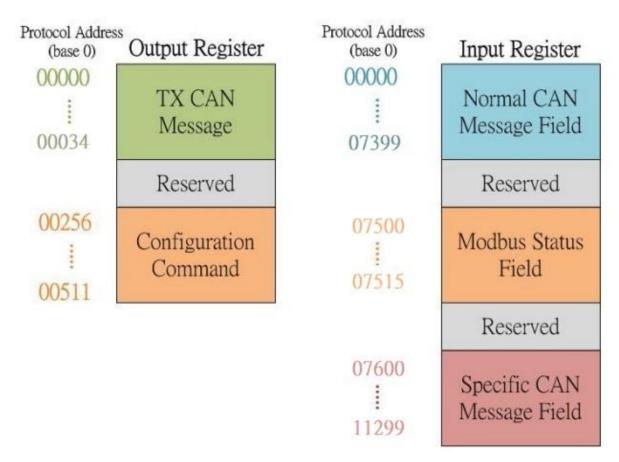


Figure 5-3: In I-7530A-MR-FD, the defined address of CANFD message input register and output register

Modbus Input Register:

(1) Normal CAN Message Field:

In this field, the address range of "Normal CAN Message" is 00000~01799 (protocol addresses). It is used to store the CAN message received from the CAN network. One CAN message will occupy 9-byte address space in the "Normal CAN Message" field ;Each CANFD message occupies 37 bytes address space in the "Normal CAN Message" field .Therefore, it can store maximum 200 CAN messages. The detailed Modbus address arrangement of "Normal CAN Message" field is described as the table 5-2.

Protocol Addresses	PLC Addresses	Word	Description
(Base 0)	(3x Base 1)	Count	
	Decimal	rule	
00000 ~ 00008	00001 ~ 00009	9	RX CAN Message #001
00009 ~ 00017	00010 ~ 00018	9	RX CAN Message #002
01782 ~ 01790	01783 ~ 01791	9	RX CAN Message #199
01791 ~ 01799	01792 ~ 01800	9	RX CAN Message #200

Table5-2(1): Modbus address arrangement of "Normal CAN Message" field.(general CAN)

Table5-2(2): Modbus address arrangement of "Normal CAN Message" field.(CAN FD)

Protocol Addresses	PLC Addresses	Word	Description		
(Base 0)	(3x Base 1)	Count			
	Decimal rule				
00000 ~ 00036	00001 ~ 00037	37	RX CAN Message #001		
00037 ~ 00049	00038 ~ 00074	37	RX CAN Message #002		
07326 ~ 07362	07327 ~ 07363	37	RX CAN Message #199		
07363 ~ 07399	07364 ~ 07400	37	RX CAN Message #200		

The format of each received CAN Message is described below: General CAN

Word number	Description	
1	Bit 15: 0→valid data, 1→invalid data	
	Bit 6~14: Reserved	
	Bit 5: CAN Specification, 0→2.0A, 1→2.0B	
	Bit 4: RTR, 0 → No, 1 → Yes	
	Bit 0~3: Data length, value=0~8	
2	Most significant two bytes of CAN identifier. (Big-	
	endian)	
3	Least significant two bytes of CAN identifier. (Big-	
	endian)	
4	The data 1 and data 2 of CAN data field.	
5	The data 3 and data 4 of CAN data field.	
6	The data 5 and data 6 of CAN data field.	
7	The data 7 and data 8 of CAN data field.	
8	Most significant two bytes of the RX timestamp	
	message. (Big-endian)	

9	Least significant two bytes of the RX timestamp		
	message. (Big-endian)		
CAN FD:	-		
Word number	Description		
1	Bit 15: 0→valid data, 1→invalid data		
	Bit 6~14: Reserved		
	Bit 5: CAN Specification, 0→2.0A, 1→2.0B		
	Bit 4: RTR, 0 → No, 1 → Yes		
	Bit 0~3: Data length, value=0~8		
2	Most significant two bytes of CAN identifier. (Big-		
	endian)		
3	Least significant two bytes of CAN identifier. (Big-		
	endian)		
4	The data 1 and data 2 of CAN data field.		
5	The data 3 and data 4 of CAN data field.		
6	The data 5 and data 6 of CAN data field.		
7	The data 7 and data 8 of CAN data field.		
8	The data 9 and data 10 of CAN data field.		
9	The data 11 and data 12 of CAN data field.		
32	The data 57 and data 58 of CAN data field.		
33	The data 59 and data 60 of CAN data field.		
34	The data 61 and data 62 of CAN data field.		
35	The data 63 and data 64 of CAN data field.		
36	Most significant two bytes of the RX timestamp		
	message. (Big-endian)		
37	Least significant two bytes of the RX timestamp		
	message. (Big-endian)		

(2) Module Status Field:

The I-7530A-MR-FD's status information is defined in the following address. Users can use the Modbus RTU command (function code 04_{hex}) to read these information from the "Module Status" field.

Protocol Addresses	PLC Addresses	Word	Description
(Base 0)	(3x Base 1)	Count	
	Decimal rule		
01920	01921	1	Counter
			Read Standard
01921	01922	1	CAN baud rate
			configuration
			Read user-defined
01922~01923	01923~01924	2	CAN baud rate
			configuration
01924	01925	1	CAN state register
01925	01926	1	CAN error counter
04000	01007	4	CAN/UART
01926	01927	1	overflow flag
01927	01928	1	Firmware version
01928~01932	01929~01933	5	Module name
01933~01935	01934~01936	3	Manufacturer

Table5-3(1): Modbus address of "Modbus Status" field. (general CAN)

Table5-3(2): Modbus address of "Modbus Status" field. (CAN FD)

Protocol Addresses	PLC Addresses	Word	Description
(Base 0)	(Base 1)	Count	
	Decimal rule		
07500	07501	1	Counter
			Read Standard
07501	07502	1	CAN baud rate
			configuration
			Read user-defined
07502~07503	07503~07504	2	CAN baud rate
			configuration
07504	07505	1	CAN state register
07505	07506	1	CAN error counter
07506	07507	1	CAN/UART

			overflow flag
07507	07508	1	Firmware version
07508~07512	07509~07513	5	Module name
07513~07515	07514~07516	3	Manufacturer

The detailed information of the "Module Status" field is described below.

Status Name	Description	
Counter	The unread number of CAN message in the	
Counter	Normal CAN Message Field of Input Register.	
Read Standard	The current baud rate setting of CAN bus.	
CAN baud rate	Please refer to Table 4-2 for more information.	
configuration		
Read user-defined	The current user-defined baud rate setting of	
CAN baud rate	CAN bus. Please refer to Table 4-8 for more	
configuration	information.	
	Most significant byte: Reserved.	
CAN state register	Least significant byte: register status. Please	
	refer to Table 4-3 for more information.	
	Most significant byte: CAN receive error	
CAN Error Counter	counter.	
	Least significant byte: CAN transmit error	
	counter.	
CAN/UART	Bit 0: CAN overflow flag, $0 \rightarrow Not$ full, $1 \rightarrow Full$.	
Overflow flag	Bit 1: UART overflow flag, $0 \rightarrow$ Not full, $1 \rightarrow$ Full.	
	Most significant byte -> major field of firmware	
	version	
Firmware Version	Least significant byte \rightarrow minor field of firmware	
	version	
	For example, if the responded value is "01 02".	
	That means the firmware version is 1.02.	
Module Name	"I-7530A-MR-FD" in ASCII format.	
Manufacturer	"ICPDAS" in ASCII format.	

(3) Specific CAN Message Field:

The I-7530A-MR-FD supports a "Specific CAN Message" field to store hundred special CAN messages with specific the CAN IDs. When the I-7530A-MR-FD receive the CAN messages whose CAN IDs are defined in the Specific CAN Message Field by the Utility tool, the I-7530A-MR-FD put this CAN message into the corresponding register of the Specific CAN Message field. Each CAN message will occupy 9 address space of the register; CAN FD message occupies 37 bytes, and the range of this field is listed in following table.

Protocol Address	PLC Address	Word	Description
(Base 0)	(3x Base 1)	Count	
	Decimal ru	ıle	
02048~02056	02049~02057	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #001
02057~02065	02058~02066	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #002
02129~02137	02130~02138	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #010
02138~02147	02139~02148	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #011
			(Note1)
02930~02938	02931~02939	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #099
			(Note1)
02939~02947	02940~02948	9	Specific RX CAN
			Message #100
			(Note1)

Table5-4(1): Modbus address of "Specific CAN Message" field. (general CAN)

Table5-4(2): Modbus address of "Specific CAN Message" field.(CAN FD)

Protocol Address	PLC Address	Word	Description	
(Base 0)	(3x Base 1)	Count		
Decimal rule				
07600~07636	07601~07637	37	Specific RX CAN	
			Message #001	

07637~07673	07638~07674	37	Specific RX CAN Message #002
07933~07969	07934~07970	37	Specific RX CAN Message #010
07970~08006	07971~08007	37	Specific RX CAN Message #011 (Note1)
11226~11262	11227~11263	37	Specific RX CAN Message #099 (Note1)
11263~11299	11264~11300	37	Specific RX CAN Message #100 (Note1)

Note1:

1. After saving all configuration into an "ini" file (section3.2.8), there will create an "I7530AMR_SpecCANID_MBTable.txt" on the Utility folder. This file is a mapping table for specific CAN ID and Modbus address.

Modbus Output Register:

There are two fields on Modbus output register, one is TX CAN message field and the other is Configuration command field. The addresses of these fields are described below.

I able5-5(1): Modbus output register address (general CAN)				
Protocol Address PLC Address		Description		
(Base 0)	(4x Base 1)			
Decimal rule				
00000 ~ 00006 00001 ~ 00007 TX CAN Message				
00256 ~ 00511	00257 ~ 00512	Configuration command		

·

Table5-5(2): Modbus output register address (CAN FD)

Protocol Address	PLC Address	Description		
(Base 0)	(4x Base 1)			
Decimal rule				
00000 ~ 00034 00001 ~ 00035 TX CAN Message				
00256 ~ 00511	00257 ~ 00512	Configuration command		

(1) TX CAN Message Field:

The "TX CAN Message" in the Modbus Output Register is used to store a CAN message which will be transmitted to the CAN network.

The TX CAN Message formats are described below:

general CAN:

Word	Description
number	
1	Bit 6~15: Reserved
	Bit 5: CAN Specification, 0→CAN 2.0A, 1→CAN 2.0B
	Bit 4: RTR, 0 → No, 1 → Yes
	Bit $0 \sim 3$: Data length, value = $0 \sim 8$
2	Most significant two bytes of CAN Identifier. (Big
	endian)
3	Least significant two bytes of CAN Identifier. (Big
	endian)
4	The data 1 and data 2 of CAN data field.
5	The data 3 and data 4 of CAN data field.

6	The data 5 and data 6 of CAN data field.
7	The data 7 and data 8 of CAN data field.

CAN FD:

Word	Description
number	
1	Bit 6~15: Reserved
	Bit 5: CAN Specification, 0→CAN 2.0A, 1→CAN 2.0B
	Bit 4: RTR, 0 → No, 1 → Yes
	Bit $0 \sim 3$: Data length, value = $0 \sim 8$
2	Most significant two bytes of CAN Identifier. (Big
	endian)
3	Least significant two bytes of CAN Identifier. (Big
	endian)
4	The data 1 and data 2 of CAN data field.
5	The data 3 and data 4 of CAN data field.
6	The data 5 and data 6 of CAN data field.
7	The data 7 and data 8 of CAN data field.
8	The data 9 and data 10 of CAN data field.
9	The data 11 and data12 of CAN data field.
10	The data 13 and data 14 of CAN data field.
31	The data 55 and data 56 of CAN data field.
32	The data 57 and data 58 of CAN data field.
33	The data 59 and data 60 of CAN data field.
34	The data 61 and data 62 of CAN data field.
35	The data 63 and data 64 of CAN data field.

(2) Configuration command Field:

The "Configuration command" in the Modbus Output Register is used for user to use Modbus command to configure module, including reboot module, reset CAN bus, change RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 setting, change CAN bus baud rate, change user-defined CAN baud rate.

These configuration commands are described below:

1. Reboot Module

This command is used to reboot module. After successfully setting, the module will response a successful setting message, and then reboots.

Request command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Example
	F	lexadecimal rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002
Byte Count	1 byte	0x04	0x04
Data-1	2 bytes	0x0001 (Note1)	0x0001
Data-2	2 bytes	0x0001 (Note2)	0x0001

Note1: This value is command field.

Note2: Except 0001hex, other values are useless

Response command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Response
			Example
	F	lexadecimal rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002

2. Reset CAN bus

This command is used to reset CAN bus of module. After successfully setting, the module will response a successful setting message.

Request command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Example
	F	lexadecimal rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002
Byte Count	1 byte	0x04	0x04
Data-1	2 bytes	0x0002(Note1)	0x0002
Data-2	2 bytes	0x0001(Note2)	0x0001

Note1: This value is command field.

Note2: Except 0001hex, other values are useless

Response command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Response
			Example
	F	lexadecimal rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002

3. Change RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 setting

This command is used to Change RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 setting. After successfully setting, the module will response a successful setting message, and then reboots.

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Example
	He	xadecimal rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0005	0x0005
Byte Count	1 byte	0x0A	0x0A
Data-1	2 bytes	0x0003 (Note1)	0x0003
Data-2	2 bytes	0x0002~0x000C	0x000B
		(Note2)	(115200 bps)
Data-3	2 bytes	0x0000~0x0003	0x0000 (8)
		(Note3)	
Data-4	2 bytes	0x0000~0x0001	0x0001 (1)
		(Note4)	
Data-5	2 bytes	0x0000~0x0002	0x000 (N)
		(Note5)	

Request command:

Note1: This value is command field.

Note2: This value is baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

Baud rate	Description
	Hexadecimal rule
0x0002	300 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0003	600 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0004	1200 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0005	2400 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0006	4800 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0007	9600 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0008	19200 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x0009	38400 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x000A	57600 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

0x000B	115200 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.
0x000C	230400 bps baud rate of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

Note3: This value is Data bit of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

Data bit	Description
	Hexadecimal rule
0x0000	5 bits Data formation
0x0001	6 bits Data formation
0x0002	7 bits Data formation
0x0003	8 bits Data formation

Note4: This value is Stop bit of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

Stop bit	Description
	Hexadecimal rule
0x0000	1 Stop bit
0x0001	2 Stop bits

Note5: This value is Parity of RS-232/RS-422/RS-485.

Parity		Description
		Hexadecimal rule
0x0000	None	
0x0001	Odd	
0x0002	Even	

Response command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Response Example
Hexadecimal ruleNode ID1 byte0x01~0xF70x01Function Code1 byte0x100x10Start Address2 bytes0x01000x0100			
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0005	0x0002

4. Change CAN bus baud rate

This command is used to Change CAN bus baud rate. After successfully setting, the module will response a successful setting message, and then reboots.

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Example			
		Hex rule				
Node ID 1 byte 0x01~0xF7 0x01						
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10			
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100			
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002			
Byte Count	1 byte	0x04	0x04			
Data-1	2 bytes	0x0004 (Note1)	0x0004			
Data-2	2 bytes	0x0000~0x0008,	0x0008			
		0x000F (Note2)	(1000kbps)			

Request command:

Note1: This value is command field.

В	Description
0x0000	10 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0001	20 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0002	50 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0003	100 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0004	125 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0005	250 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0006	500 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0007	800 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x0008	1000 kbps baud rate of CAN
0x000F	User-defined baud rate of CAN

Response command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Response Example		
Hexadecimal rule					
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01		
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10		
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100		
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0002	0x0002		

5. Change user-defined CAN bus baud rate

This command is used to Change user-defined CAN bus baud rate. After successfully setting, the module will response a successful setting message, and then reboots.

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Example
		Hex rule	
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0003	0x0003
Byte Count	1 byte	0x06	0x06
Data-1	2 bytes	0x0005 (Note1)	0x0005
Data-2	2 bytes	(Note2)	0x0001
Data-3	2 bytes	(Note2)	0x4585

Request command:

Note1: This value is command field.

Note2: This value is user-defined CAN baud rate.

Example:

If users want to use CAN bus baud rate of 83.333 kbps. They can set CAN bus baud rate into Data-2 and Data-3 field. Please refer to step 1~3 for details.

Step 1: Multiply the CAN baud rate value by 1000. 83.333 kbps = 83.333 *1000 = 83333 bps (Decimal)

Step 2: Change this decimal value to 2 words hexadecimal value. 83333(Decimal) = 0x00014585(Hexadecimal)

Step 3: Fill Data-2 and Data-3 field with hexadecimal values (0x00014585) by using Big-endian format.

Response command:

Field Name	Size	Value Range	Response Example	
Hexadecimal rule				
Node ID	1 byte	0x01~0xF7	0x01	
Function Code	1 byte	0x10	0x10	
Start Address	2 bytes	0x0100	0x0100	
Word Count	2 bytes	0x0003	0x0003	

5.2.1 Using Modbus RTU command to get a CAN Message

When the I-7530A-MR-FD is set to the Modbus Slave mode, each CAN message (except the CAN message whose CAN IDs are defined in the Specific CAN Message field) received from the CAN network will be stored into the "Normal CAN Message" field. Users can use the Modbus RTU command (function code 04_{hex}) to read the CAN message from the "Normal CAN Message" field (refer to table 5-2.). The start address of each command must be set to 0000_{hex} and the data length field must be a multiple of 9 because one CAN message uses 9 address space. After reading the registers by the Modbus command, the content of the registers of the read CAN message is covered by the unread CAN message which will be read next.

The following examples all take the general CAN message as an example, and the usage of CAN FD is only different in Start Address &Word Count (Byte Count).

Example1:

Use Modbus RTU command (function code 04 hex) to read one CAN message:

Query Message			Input Register (Normal CAN Message Field)							
Device	e Address	01 _{hex}			Address	Data	Address	Data	Address	
Functi	ion Code	04 _{hex}	R	ucry	(hex)	(hex)	(hex)	(hex)	(hex)	
Start	Address	0000 _{hex}		5	0000	0008	0009	0028	0012	
Word	d Count	0009 _{bex}			0001	0000	000A	1234	0013	1
0	RC	300C _{hex}		ce .	0002	0123	000B	5678	0014	3
	AC	Joochex	Dest	ponse	0003	1234	000C	1122	:	
Dev				1	0004	5678	000D	3344		
Address	sponse Me	Data-5	5678 _{hex}		0005	9012	000E	5566	÷	
on Code	01 _{hex}	Data-5		-	0006	3456	000F	7788	0705	
	04 _{hex}		9012 _{hex}	-	0007	0000	0010	0000	0706	3
Count	12 _{hex}	Data-7	3456 _{hex}	-	0008	2147	0011	2CBF	0707	1
a-1	0008 _{hex}	Data-8	0000 _{hex}							- 3
a-2	0000 _{hex}	Data-9	2417 _{hex}		Messa	ge #1	Messa	ge #2	Messa	ge
ta-3	0123 _{hex}	CRC	A591 _{hex}							
ta-4	1234 _{hex}									

Figure 5-3: Use the Modbus command to read one CAN message.

Example2: Use Modbus RTU command (function code 04 hex) to read two CAN messages:

			Inp	ut Regist	er (Normal	CAN M	essage]
Query Mess	age		Address (hex)	Data (hex)	Address (hex)	Data (hex)	Address (hex)
Device Address	01 _{hex}		0000	0008	0009	0028	0012
Function Code	04 _{hex}	Query	0001	0000	000A	1234	0013
Start Address	0000 _{hex}		0002	0123	000B	5678	0014
Word Count	0012 _{hex}		0003	1234	000C	1122	:
CRC	7007 _{hex}		0004	5678	000D	3344	:
			0005	9012	000E	5566	:
			0006	3456	000F	7788	0705
		2	0007	0000	0010	0000	0706
		PC STDDING	0008	0CEB	0011	164B	0707
		22	Messa	ge #1	Messa	ge #2	Mess

		R	esponse M	essage			
Device Address	01 _{hex}	Data-4	1234 _{hex}	Data-10	0028_{hex}	Data-16	7788 _{hex}
Function Code	04 _{hex}	Data-5	5678 _{hex}	Data-11	1234 _{hex}	Data-17	0000 _{hex}
Byte Count	24 _{hex}	Data-6	9012 _{hex}	Data-12	5678 _{hex}	Data-18	164B _{hex}
Data-1	0008 _{hex}	Data-7	3456 _{hex}	Data-13	1122 _{hex}	CRC	BE9D _{hex}
Data-2	0000 _{hex}	Data-8	0000 _{hex}	Data-14	3344 _{hex}		5
Data-3	0123 _{hex}	Data-9	0CEB _{hex}	Data-15	5566 _{hex}		

Figure 5-4: Use the Modbus command to read two CAN message.

5.2.2 Using Modbus RTU command to send a CAN message

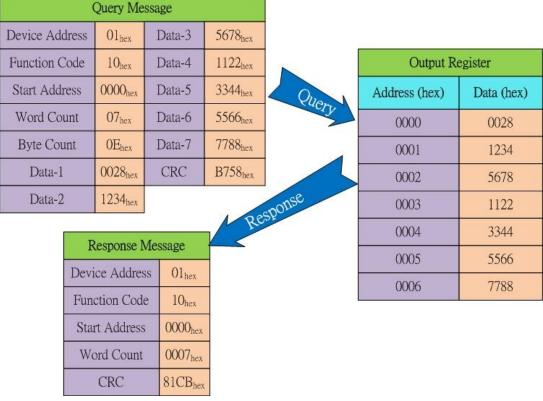
If users need to send CAN messages via the Modbus RTU commands, users need to send the Modbus RTU command with the "TX CAN message" format to the Output Register of the I-7530A-MR-FD. Then the I-7530A-MR-FD will transfer this command to a CAN message format and send it to the buffer of the CAN controller. The CAN controller will send the CAN message automatically which the CAN bus is idle. There are two method for transmitting a CAN message via Modbus RTU command and this manual will illustrate them at next section.

5.2.2.1 Using function Code 10_{hex} to send a CAN message

Users can use Modbus RTU commands (function code 10_{hex}) to transmit a CAN message by writing the Output Register of the I-7530A-MR-FD (the data format must follow the table 5-5). The start address of the Modbus command is always 0000_{hex} , and the Word count and Byte count are always 07_{hex} and $0D_{hex}$ respectively.

Example:

Use the Modbus RTU command (function code 10_{hex}) to transmit a CAN message to the CAN network:





Users can use the Modbus RTU command with function code 03_{hex} to read the transmitted CAN message. The start address of the command is always 0000_{hex} , and the data length field must be set to 0007_{hex} .

Example:

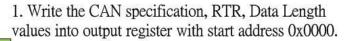
Use the Modbus RTU command (function code 03_{hex}) to read the transmitted CAN message format from the Output Register:

	Q	uery Mess	sage		ſ		Output R
	Device	Address	01 _{hex}				
	Functi	on Code	03 _{hex}	Que			Address (hex)
	Start .	Address	0000 _{hex}				0000
	Word	l Count	0007 _{hex}				0001
		RC	0608 _{hex}		e	• (0002
		Att	0000 nex	Respon	10	00	003
	P	esponse M	Ancora			000)4
Device A		01 _{hex}	Data-4	1122 _{hex}		000	5
Function	545 1/1		Data-4	3344 _{hex}		0006	j
		03 _{hex}		Same and			
Byte C	ount	0E _{hex}	Data-6	5566 _{hex}			
Data	l-1	0028 _{hex}	Data-7	7788 _{hex}			
Data	I-2	1234 _{hex}	CRC	5D22 _{hex}			
Data	-3	5678 _{hex}					

Figure 5-6: Use the Modbus RTU command (function code 03_{hex}) to read the transmitted CAN message format.

5.2.2.2 Using function Code 06_{hex} to send a CAN message

Users can use Modbus RTU commands (function code 06_{hex}) to transmit a CAN message by writing the Output Register of the I-7530A-MR-FD (the data format must follow the table 5-5). The start address of the Modbus command is always 0000 hex. Using function code 06_{hex} to transmit a CAN message is divided into 8 steps. Following, this manual will use an example to illustrate how to transmit a CAN message via function Code 06_{hex}. When you want to transmit a CAN message, you must fill output bytes with TX CAN Message formats according to order of priority. For example: If you want to transmit a CAN message with CAN ID 0x12345678, 8 bytes Data 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, and 0x88, the setting is as following:



Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output R	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0000 _{hex}	Query	0000	0028	Response	Start Address	0000 _{hex}
Register Value	0028 _{hex}		0000	0020		Word Count	0028 _{hex}
CRC	89D4 _{hex}					CRC	89D4 _{hex}

2. Write the most significant two bytes of CAN identifier into output register with start address 0x0001. (Big-endian)

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01_{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0001 _{hex}	Query	0001	1234	Response	Start Address	0001 _{hex}
Register Value	1234 _{hex}		0001	1201]	Word Count	1234 _{hex}
CRC	D57D _{hex}					CRC	D57D _{hex}

3. Write the least significant two bytes of CAN identifier into output register with start address 0x0002. (Big-endian)

Request Mes	sage					Response Mes	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0002 _{hex}	Query	0002	5678	Response	Start Address	0002_{hex}
Register Value	5678 _{hex}	,	0002	5010		Word Count	5678 _{hex}
CRC	1788 _{hex}					CRC	1788 _{hex}

4. Write CAN data1 and data2 into output register with start address 0x0003.

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0003 _{hex}	Query	0003	1122	Response	Start Address	0003 _{hex}
Register Value	1122 _{hex}		0005	1122		Word Count	1122 _{hex}
CRC	F583 _{hex}					CRC	F583 _{hex}

5. Write CAN data3 and data4 into output register with start address 0x0004.

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0004 _{hex}	Query	0004	3344	Response	Start Address	0004 _{hex}
Register Value	3344 _{hex}		0001	0011		Word Count	3344 _{hex}
CRC	DCC8 _{hex}					CRC	DCC8 _{hex}

6. Write CAN data5 and data6 into output register with start address 0x0005.

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0005 _{hex}	Query	0005	5566	Response	Start Address	0005 _{hex}
Register Value	5566 _{hex}		0005	5500		Word Count	5566 _{hex}
CRC	26B1 _{hex}					CRC	26B1 _{hex}

7. Write CAN data7 and data8 into output register with start address 0x0006.

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Quart	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0006 _{hex}	Query	0006	7788	Response	Start Address	0006 _{hex}
Register Value	7788 _{hex}		0000	1100		Word Count	7788 _{hex}
CRC	4E5D _{hex}					CRC	4E5D _{hex}

8. Write the register value Into output register with start address 0x0007 and the CAN message will be transmitted. If you want to transmit the same CAN message, you just change the register value and write it into this output register again.

If you want to transmit other CAN message, you must repeat the steps 1~8.

Request Mes	sage					Response Me	ssage
Device Address	01 _{hex}		Output Re	egister		Device Address	01 _{hex}
Function Code	06 _{hex}	Query	Address (hex)	Data (hex)		Function Code	06 _{hex}
Start Address	0007 _{hex}	Query	0007	0000	Response	Start Address	0007 _{hex}
Register Value	0000 _{hex}		0007	0000		Word Count	0000 _{hex}
CRC	380B _{hex}					CRC	380B _{hex}

Note: Using function code 03_{hex} to read a output CAN message is not allowed when you use this method to transmit a CAN message.

5.2.3 Using Modbus RTU command to get a Specific CAN Message

The I-7530A-MR-FD supports a "Specific CAN Message" field to get the expect 100 specific CAN messages. When receiving a CAN message whose CAN ID is defined in the Specific CAN Message by the Utility tool, the I-7530A-MR-FD will save this CAN message to the "Specific CAN Message" field.

Users can use the Modbus RTU command (function code 04_{hex}) to directly read the CAN message from this field. It is usually used to get the important CAN messages immediately. The start address of the command must be the same as the start address defined in the Specific CAN Message field, and the data length field must be a multiple of 9.

Example:

Dev

Fur B

Data-4

1234_{hex}

Use the Modbus RTU command (function code 04_{hex}) to read the specific CAN message from the "Specific CAN Message" field:

	Query Mess	sage	
Dev	ice Address	01 _{hex}	
Fur	ction Code	04 _{hex}	Qu
Sta	rt Address	0800 _{hex}	
W	ord Count	0009 _{hex}	
	CRC	326Chex	
	ene	520Cnex	Resp
	Response Me	9002000	
ddres		Data-5	5678 _{hex}
1 Code		Data-6	9012 _{hex}
ount	12 _{hex}	Data-0	3456 _{hex}
-1			
	0008 _{hex}	Data-8	0000 _{hex}
-2	0000 _{hex}	Data-9	32AA _{hex}
a-3	0123 _{hex}	CRC	6BCB _{hex}
			1.2

Figure 5-7: Use the Modbus command to read specific CAN message.

5.2.4 Using Modbus RTU command to configure module

I-7530A-MR-FD supports five Modbus RTU commands (function code 10_{hex}) of configuring module, including reboot module, reset CAN bus, change RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 setting, change CAN bus baud rate, and change CAN bus user-defined baud rate. These commands use start address 0100_{hex} .

Example: Using Modbus RTU command to reboot module.

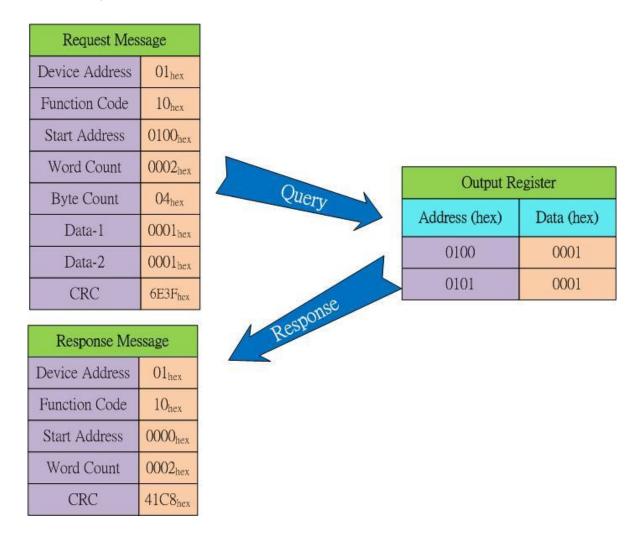


Figure 5-8: Using Modbus RTU command to reboot module

Example: Using Modbus RTU command to change user-defined CAN bus baud rate.

User-defined CAN baud rate: 83.333 * 1000 = 83333 (Dec) = 00014585 (hex)

Query Message					Output Re	egister	
Device Address	01 _{hex}	Data-1	0005	iex		Address (hex)	Data (hex)
Function Code	10 _{hex}	Data-2	0001		Query	0100	0005
Start Address	0100 _{hex}	Data-3	4585	iex		0101	0001
Word Count	0003 _{hex}	CRC	8C8F	nex		0102	4585
Byte Count	04 _{hex}						
		Respons	e Mess	age	Rest	onso	
		Device Add	ress	01 _{hex}			
		Function C	ode	10 _{hex}			
		Start Addre	ess	0100 _{hex}			
		Word Cou	int)003 _{hex}			
		CRC		31F4 _{hex}			

Figure 5-9: Using Modbus RTU command to change user-defined CAN baud rate.

5.3 Modbus Exception Codes

The following table lists the Modbus Exception codes that the I-7530A-MR-FD supports.

code	Description	Possible causes & solutions			
1	Illegal function	The function code is not an allowable action			
I	Illegal function	for the I-7530A-MR-FD.			
2	Illegal Data Address	The data address is not allowed for the I-			
2	Illegal Data Address	7530A-MR-FD.			
		The number of register or byte count is not			
2	Illegal Data Value	an allowed or no any CAN message is stored			
3	Illegal Data Value	in the "Normal CAN Message" field for the I-			
		7530A-MR-FD.			
		The transmission buffer overrun is			
6	Slave Device Busy	happened, users should retransmit the			
		message later when this module is normal.			

Table 5-6: Error code table

6. Modbus Master Mode

To compare with the chapter 5, this section will introduce the Modbus master mode of the I-7530A-MR-FD. Via this function, the I-7530A-MR-FD can act as a Modbus master to CAN module. Following, this sector will illustrate how to configure and how to operate the function in detail.

6.1 Supported Modbus Functions

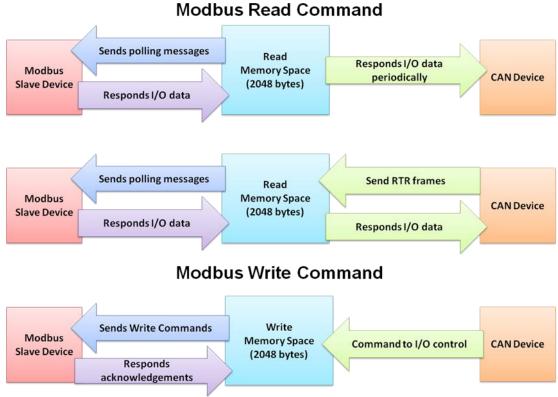
The Modbus Master function supports Modbus function code: 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x04, 0x05, 0x06, 0x0F, and 0x10. The following table will describe in detail.

		Supported Modbus F	
Modbus	Function	Function Name	Description
command	Code		
	1 (01 Hov)	Read Coil Status	Read Coil Status from slave
	1 (01 Hex)	Read Coll Status	device.
Madhua	2(02 Llow)	Dood Input Status	Read Input Status from slave
Modbus	2 (02 Hex)	Read Input Status	device.
Read	2(02 lov)	Read AO Holding	Read AO Holding Registers
command	3 (03 Hex)	Registers	from slave device.
-	$4 \left(0.4 \right)$	Dood AL Dogistors	Read AI Registers from slave
	4 (04 Hex)	Read AI Registers	device.
		Mrite Single Cail	Write Single Coil from slave
	5 (05 Hex)	Write Single Coil	device.
Modbus		Write Signal	Write Single Register from
	6 (06 Hex)	Register	slave device.
Write		Muite Multiple Cell	Write Multiple Coil from slave
command	15 (0F Hex)	Write Multiple Coil	device.
	16 (10 Hov)	Write Multiple	Write Multiple Registers from
	16 (10 Hex)	Registers	slave device.

Table 6-1: Supported Modbus Function Codes

6.2 IO Memory Size

The Modbus Master function uses two memory spaces for storing input data from Modbus slave and output data from CAN device. One is called "Read Memory Space" and the other is called "Write Memory Space". Both of these two input/output data spaces are maximum 2048 bytes.



6.3 Configuration and Operation

The utility provides the new configuration interface for Modbus Master setting. When the user selected the communication mode for Modbus master function, the configuration interface will be pop-up.

Communication Mode	Modbus Mastı 🐱
	Normal
COM Port	Pair Connection
BaudRate	Modeus Slave
	Modbus Master 🌔
Domiter N.	one v hit

🛃 Modbus RTU Master Configuration	🗟 🗙 💽 Modbes RTU Master Configuration
Read IO Write IO	Read IO Write IO
Molban Eed Commad Enabled Molban Eed Commad Response CAN Meange Canagematic Memory Darge: 27 2000 Enabled Molban Eed Command Imary Darge: 27 2000 Enabled Molban Eed Command Imary Darge: 27 2000 Enabled Molban Eed Command Imary Darge: 27 2000 Enabled Start Moltane Endocate Imary Darge: Enabled Molban Eed Command CAN Eergenam Enabryok: Imary Darge: Enabled Molban Eed Command CAN Eergenam Enabryok: Barked Canagematic Imary Darge Enabled CAN Eergenam Enabryok: Barked Enable Imary Darge Imary Darge CAN Eergenam Enabryok: Barked Enable Imary Darge Imary Darge CAN Eergenam Enabryok: Barked Enable Imary Darge Imary Darge Imary Darge Enabled Imary Darge Imary Darge Imary Darge Start Addesse: Imary Darge Imary Darge Imary Darge Start Addesse: Imary Darge Imary Darge Imary Darge	Mother With Command CAN Epecification: CAN Epecific
Modbus Read Configuration	Modbus Write Configuration
Add Doble Clear c	Word Count (Lovy: 01 (Rex) Byte Count 02 (Rex) Add Delate M Clear >
CAN Error Response Message CAN Error Response CAN Specification: CAN 2.04 ¥ Error Response CAN ID: 77F (Rex)	CAN Error Response Menage Molbus Tancent Configuration CAN Error Response CAN Dip CAN Specification: CAN Error Response CAN Dip Type (lico)
<u> </u>	
Common	Configuration

The above screenshots are the operating interface of the I-7530A-MR-FD Modbus Master configuration. The operating interface is divided into three parts "Modbus Read Configuration", "Modbus Write Configuration", and "Common Configuration".

6.3.1 Modbus Read Configuration

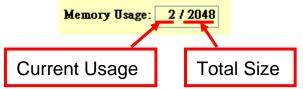
🔡 Modbus RTU Master Configuratio	n	
Read IO Write IO		
Modbus Read Command		Response CAN Message Configuration
Memory Usage: 2 / 2048	Enabled Modbus Read Command	Passively Response
	SlaveNodeID= 0x01, FunctionCode= 0x04, StartAddress= 0x000	CAN Response Interval: 1 (ms)
Enabled Current Command		-CAN Configuration
	J	
Modbus Configuration Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)		CAN Specification: CAN 2.0A 🗸
		Mapping CAN ID: 000 (Hex)
Function Code: 04 🖌 (Hex)		IO Data Byte Count: 2 (Hex)
Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)		IO Memory Start Address: 0000 🗸 (Hex)
		CAN ID= 0x000, From 0x0000 to 0x0002
Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)	Modbus Read Command List	
Word Count (High): 00 (Hex)		
Word Count (Low): 01 (Hex)		
	-	
Add Delete		
Clear		
		Add Delete Clear
CAN Error Response Message	Modbus Timeout Configuration pecification: CAN 2.0A V Modbus Slave Response Timeout 100	(ns)
	pecification: CAN 2.0A V Modbus Slave Response Timeout: 100 FF (Hex)	(ms) Save Configuration
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

This page is used for configuring "Modbus Read Command" and "Response CAN Message". The major purpose of the "Modbus Read Command" is access Modbus slave device via "Modbus Read Coil" or "Modbus Read Registers" command. And the major purpose of the "Response CAN Message" is used to response CAN message with I/O data which is read from Modbus slave device via "Modbus Read Command".

6.3.1.1 Modbus Read Command

The "Modbus Read Command" is divided into several parameters. Following, we will illustrate how to configure and operate the "Modbus Read Command".

• Memory Usage:



This field indicates the usage of "Read Memory Space". As section 6.2 description, the total memory size is 2048. The meaning of this field is "current usage / total size", which unit is byte.

• Enabled Current Command:

Enabled Current Command

This field is used to decide whether the current command is used in operation mode or not. You can enable or disable this Modbus read command after you selected a command from the command list.

• Modbus Configuration:

As we know, the Modbus Read Coil/Registers format is as following.

Node	Function	Start	Start	Bit/Word	Bit/Word	CRC	CRC
ID	Code	Address	Address	Count	Count		

In order to fit Modbus Read Coil/Registers format, the Modbus configuration interface is designed as following:

-Modbus Configuration
Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)
Function Code: 01 🗸 (Hex)
Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)
Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)
Bit Count (High): 00 (Hex)
Bit Count (Low): 00 (Hex)

Therefore, before using this configuration, you must know what is the Modbus Read Coil/Registers format that the Modbus slave devices supported.

Slave Node ID:

Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)

Set the slave Node ID which you want to access.

• Function Code:

Function Code: 01 🔽 (Hex)

In this setting interface, it supports the Modbus function code 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, and 0x04.

Start Address (High):

```
Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)
```

This field indicates the high byte of Modbus reference IO data address.

Start Address (Low):

```
Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)
```

This field indicates the low byte of Modbus reference IO data address.

Bit Count(High):

Bit Count (High): 00 (Hex)

This filed indicates high byte of the number of bits which you want to read.

Note: When using function code 0x03 or 0x04, this field will be the number of words (high byte).

Bit Count(Low):

Bit Count (High): 00 (Hex)

This field indicates low byte of the number of bits which you want to read.

Note: When using function code 0x03 or 0x04, this field will be the number of words (low byte).



∆dd	Delete
C	lear

After setting the "Modbus Read Command, please click this button to add it into command list. Then, you can decide to add other command or save configuration into module. After you add a Modbus read command, the command will occupy a part of the "Read Memory Space". This memory usage size will be based on the bit/word count setting of the "Modbus Read Command".

Delete:



When you want to delete a "Modbus Read Command", please click one of the "Modbus Read Command" from command list. Then the "Delete" button will be enabled. At this time, you can click "Delete" button to delete current "Modbus Read Command". Afterward, the memory usage of "Read Memory Space" will be recalculated.

♦ Clear:

Add	Delete
C	lear

Click this button will clear all "Modbus Read Commands" in command list. Afterward, the usage of "Read Memory Space" will become to zero.

Note: After pressing the "Save Configuration" button to save configuration, the related parameters will be stored into the I-7530A-MR-FD module. When I-7530A-MR-FD is rebooted on operating mode, it will load these parameters and access the Modbus slave devices automatically and continuously.

-Response CAN Message Configuration			
Passively Response			
CAN Response Interval: 1 (ms)			
CAN Configuration CAN Specification: CAN 2.0A V Mapping CAN ID: 000 (Hex)			
IO Data Byte Count: 2 (Hex) IO Memory Start Address: 0000 v (Hex)			
CAN ID= 0x000, From 0x0000 to 0x0002			
Add Delete Clear			

6.3.1.2 Response CAN Message Configuration

This function is used for configuring "Response CAN message" which you want to reply Modbus slave IO data via CAN bus. After setting, the CAN message with IO data will actively or passively be replied to CAN Bus by I-7530A-MR-FD.

Passively Response:

📃 Passively Response

When you disable "Passively Response", all the "Response CAN Messages" will be actively replied to the CAN Bus with fixed time interval. The fixed time can be set on "CAN Response Interval" field.

Modbus Read Command (Actively)



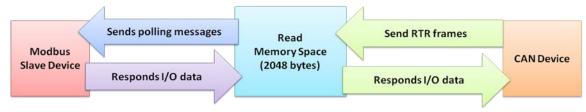
When the "Passively Response" is checked.

CAN message: After receiving an RTR message with the same CAN ID, the CAN message will be sent back to the CAN bus.

CAN FD: After receiving a message with the same CAN ID and the data length is 0, the CAN message will be sent back to the CAN bus.

For example: If you want to use CAN ID 0x123 to reply 8 byte IO data. If the "Passively Response" is checked, the other CAN device needs to send a RTR frame with CAN ID 0x123 and then the I-7530A-MR-FD will reply to a CAN message with IO data.

Modbus Read Command (Passively)



CAN Response Interval:

CAN Response Interval: 1 (ms)

This field is used for setting response interval of CAN messages and its unit is millisecond. When not using "Passively Response" CAN message method, this function will be enabled.

CAN Configuration:

J	CAN Configuration
	CAN Specification: CAN 2.0A 🛩
	Mapping CAN ID: 000 (Hex)
	IO Data Byte Count: 2 (Hex)
	IO Memory Start Address: 0000 🗸 (Hex)
	CAN ID= 0x000, Form 0x0000 to 0x0002
	Configuration List

This field is used for setting a mapping relation which is between Modbus slave IO data read by "Modbus Read Commands" and a "Response CAN Message".

CAN Specification:

This field indicates this CAN message uses CAN 2.0A or CAN 2.0B. If the CAN 2.0A is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID is 0x7FF. Relatively, if the CAN 2.0B is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID

is 0x1FFFFFFF.

Mapping CAN ID:

This field indicates the hexadecimal value of the CAN ID.

• IO Data Byte Count:

This field indicates the data length of the CAN message. The maximum value of byte count is 8 bytes due to the data length limitation of the CAN message; CAN FD messages are 64 bits.

• IO Memory Start Address:

This field indicates a start position of the "Read Memory Space". By using "IO Data Byte Count" and this field, you can get a memory sector from the "Read Memory Space" which stores the I/O data accessed from the Modbus slave device via "Modbus Read Command".

-CAN and Read IO Memory Mapping
CAN Specification: CAN 2.0A 🐱
Mapping CAN ID: 123 (Hex)
Byte Count: 8 (Dec)
Memory Start Address: 0 🗸
Add Delete
Passively Response
CAN Response Interval: 1 (ms)
CAN ID=123, Address Form 0000 to 0008

FD:

Add:

This field indicates whether to use FD format. If FD is checked, the maximum value of IO Data Byte Count is 64 bytes.

🗹 FD	
Add	

Click this button to add a configuration into "CAN Configuration List". The configuration format includes value of CAN ID and memory range, please refer to the following screenshot.

CAN Co	nfiguration
CAN SI	pecification: CAN 2.0A 🗸
Mappin	g CAN ID: 000 (Hex)
IO Data	a Byte Count: 2 (Hex)
IO Mer	nory Start Address: 0000 🖌 (Hex)
CAN ID=	0x000, From 0x0000 to 0x0002
>	
Response CAN ID valu	ue Memory Range
N Doloto:	

Delete:

Delete

After selecting a command from the list, you can click this button to delete a CAN configuration.

Clear

Clear:

Clear all CAN Configuration from the "CAN Configuration List".

6.3.2 Modbus Write Configuration

📲 Modbus RTU Master Configuration 📃 🗖 🔀									
Read IO Write IO									
Modbus Write Command	Modbus Write Command								
Modbus Write Command	CAN Specification	CAN ID	Modbus Write Command						
Memory Usage: 2/2048	CAN 2.0A	123	SlaveNodeID= 0x01, FunctionCode= 0x10, StartAddress= 0x0000, WordCount= 0x0001, ByteC						
CAN Specification: CAN 2.0A									
CAN ID: 123 (Hex)									
Moubus Comiguation									
Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)									
Function Code: 10 🗸 (Hex)									
Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)	-								
Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)	1	Modb	us Write Command List						
Word Count (High): 00 (Hex)									
₩ord Count (Low): 01 (Hex)									
Byte Count: 02 (Hex)									
Add Delete									
Clear	<								
CAN Error Response Message			us Timeout Configuration						
✓ CAN Error Response CAN Spectrum Error Response CAN ID: 7FF	cification: CAN 2.0A (Hex)	Y Modb	rus Slave Response Timeout: 100 (ms) Save Configuration						

This page is used for configuring the "Modbus Write Command". After setting done, the related parameters will be stored into the I-7530A-MR-FD module.

When I-7530A-MR-FD is rebooted on operating mode, it will load these parameters and check received CAN messages for transmitting a "Modbus Write Command".

• Memory Usage:



This field indicates the "Write Memory Space" usage. As section 6.2 description, the total memory size is 2048. The meaning of this field is "current usage / total size", which unit is byte.

• CAN Configuration:

CAN configuration							
CAN Specif	ication: CAI	N 2.0A 🔽					
		,					
CAN ID:	000	(Hex)					
		·					

CAN Specification:

This field indicates this CAN message uses CAN 2.0A or CAN 2.0B. If the CAN 2.0A is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID is 0x7FF. Relatively, if the CAN 2.0B is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID is 0x1FFFFFF.

CAN ID:

This field indicates the hexadecimal value of the CAN ID.

• Modbus Configuration:

Modbus Configuration Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)	Modbus Configuration Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)
Function Code: 10 🗸 (Hex)	Function Code: 05 🗸 (Hex)
Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)	Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)
Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)	Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)
₩ord Count (High): 00 (Hex)	Bit Count (High): 00 (Hex)
Word Count (Low): 01 (Hex)	Bit Count (Low): 00 (Hex)
Byte Count: 02 (Hex)	Byte Count: 00 (Hex)

The "Modbus Configuration" is used for setting Modbus Write Coil /Registers commands. Before using this configuration, you must know what is the Modbus Write Coil/Registers format that the Modbus slave devices supported. After setting done, the I-7530A-MR-FD will start to access the Modbus slave devices when receiving a CAN data frame with IO data.

Modbus write signal Coil/Registers format:

Node	Function	Start	Start	Bit/Word	Bit/Word	CRC	CRC
ID	Code	Address	Address	Count	Count		

Modbus write multiple Coil/Registers format:

Node	Function	Start	Start	Bit/Word	Bit/Word	Byte	Ю		CRC	CRC
ID	Code	Address	Address	Count	Count	Count	Data	•••		

Slave Node ID:

Slave Node ID: 01 (Hex)

Set the Modbus slave ID which you want to access.

Function Code:

Function Code: 05 🗸 (Hex)

In this setting interface, it supports the function code 0x05, 0x06, 0x0F, and 0x10.

Start Address (High):

Start Address (High): 00 (Hex)

This field indicates the high byte of Modbus reference IO data address.

Start Address (Low):

Start Address (Low): 00 (Hex)

This field indicates the low byte of Modbus reference IO data address.

Bit Count(High):

Bit Count (High): 00 (Hex)

This filed indicates the high byte of number of bits which you want to write. If the function code is 0x05 or 0x06, this field will be disabled.

Note: When using function code 0x10, this field will be the number of word (high byte).

• Bit Count(Low):

```
Bit Count (Low): 00 (Hex)
```

This field indicates the low byte of number of bits which you want to write. If the function code is 0x05 or 0x06, this field will be disabled.Note: When using function code 0x10, this field will be the number of word (low byte).

• Byte Count:

Byte Count: 00 (Hex)

This field is always read-only. When using function code 0x0F or 0x10, the value of the field will automatically be calculated by utility

FD:

This field indicates whether to use FD format. If FD is checked, the maximum value of Word Count is 64 bytes.

Ì	FD

Add:

Ådd

Click this button to add a Modbus write command into "Write Command List". The current configuration will be shown on the list. It includes CAN specification, value of CAN ID, and Modbus RTU Write command.



After you add a Modbus write command, the command will occupy a part of the "Write Memory Space". This memory size will be based on the bit/word count of the "Modbus write command".

Delete:

When you want to delete a Modbus write command, please click one of the "Modbus Write Command" from "Write Command List" and then click the delete button. At this time, the current Modbus write command

Delete

will be deleted. Afterward, the memory usage will be recalculated.

Clear

Clear

Click this button will clear all Modbus write commands in "Write Command List". Afterward, the "Write Memory Space" usage will be zero.

6.3.3 Common Configuration

• CAN Error Response Message:

CAN Error Response Message							
🗹 CAN Error Response	CAN 2.0A 🔽						
Error Response CAN ID:	7FF (Hex)						

• CAN Error Response:

This function is used to transmit an error message via CAN bus when the Modbus communication error or command timeout is detected. When this function is checked, the "CAN Specification" field and "Error Response CAN ID" field will be enabled.

• CAN Specification:

This field indicates this CAN message uses CAN 2.0A or CAN 2.0B. If the CAN 2.0A is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID is 0x7FF. Relatively, if the CAN 2.0B is selected, the maximum value of CAN ID is 0x1FFFFFFF.

• Error Response CAN ID:

This field indicates the error message with this CAN ID will be transmitted when I-7530A-MR-FD detects an error.

The CAN response message format is as following:

Error Response CAN Message Format:

CAN ID	Data	Data Byte0	Data Byte1~	Data Byte4~	Data				
	Length		Data Byte3	Data Byte6	Byte7				
Error Response	8	Identifier	Reserved	Modbus	Reserved				
CAN ID		Code		Exception					

> The "Identifier code" in Data Byte0 is divided into four types:

Identifier Code	Description
0x00	Reserved
0x01	It indicates the current Modbus command is transmitted completely and the I-7530A-MR-FD receives the wrong Node id command
0x02	It indicates the current Modbus command is transmitted completely, but the I-7530A-MR-FD does not receives any response command

	It indicates the current Modbus command is						
0x03	transmitted completely, but the I-7530A-MR-FD						
	receives a "Modbus Exception" command.						

From Data Byte4 to Data Byte7, they indicate the "Modbus Exception" message. The "Modbus Exception" message includes Slave Node ID, Exception Function Code, and Exception Code. When the Identifier code is 0x03, this message is shown in the error response CAN message. Otherwise, these data value are 0x00.

Modbus Exception

Modbus Exception						
Byte4	Byte5	Byte6	Byte7			
Slave	Exception	Exception Code	Reserved			
Node ID	Function Code					

■ Function Code and Exception Function Code relation

Function	Exception Function
Code (Hex)	Code (Hex)
0x01	0x81
0x02	0x82
0x03	0x83
0x04	0x84
0x05	0x85
0x06	0x86
0x0F	0x8F
0x10	0x90

Modbus Exception Code About more Modbus exception code description, please refer to the Modbus protocol specification.

♦ Modbus Slave Response Timeout:

Modbus Timeout Configuration Modbus Slave Response Timeout: 100 (ms)

This field is used for setting Modbus command timeout value. When sending a Modbus command, the I-7530A-MR-FD module will start to wait for a response command from the Modbus slave device until timeout occurred. If there is no response, this Modbus command will be regarded as a timeout status. Afterward, the next Modbus command will be sent.

• Save Configuration:

Save Configuration

This button is used to save "Modbus Read Configuration", "Modbus Write Configuration", and "Common Configuration" settings into the I-7530A-MR-FD \circ After complete setup, please remember to click this button to save all configurations.

Note: After clicking the "Save Configuration" button to save all configurations, please remember to reboot the I-7530A-MR-FD for reloading configuration.

7.Troubleshooting

(1) Why the module's PWR LED flashes quickly:

If the I-7530A-MR-FD CAN baud rate is not the same as the CAN baud rate of the CAN bus network, the PWR LED of the I-7530A-MR-FD will flash one per 100ms because the I-7530A-MR-FD cannot send any CAN message to the CAN bus network. Therefore, users need to read the I-7530A-MR-FD status by using the command "S[CHK]<CR>"(in the section 4.5) to understand what is going on. In general, it may cause by the following errors: CAN media connection problem, terminal resistor problem, different baud rate configuration with CAN network and so forth.

(2) How to set the user-defined CAN baud rate:

If users want to use the user-defined CAN baud rate for I-7530A-MR-FD", choose the "**user-defined**" item and key-in the user-defined CAN baud rate value (for example: 83.333) in the Baud rate field of the Utility tool as the following figure.

Specification	2.0A	~
Baudrate 🤇	User-define	* bps
~	83.333	k bps
User-defin CAN baud i		
Enable CA	N Filter	
Download CA	AN Filter	
Create C	AN Filter F	ïle
	CAN Filter	7777

Figure 6-1: User-defined CAN Baud Rate for I-7530A-MR-FD

(3) <u>The rule of user-defined CAN baud rate setting in the SJA1000 CAN</u> <u>devices for communication compatible with I-7530A-MR-FD:</u>

If users use I-7530A-MR-FD to communicate with SJA1000 CAN devices and CAN baud rate is user-defined CAN baud rate. Then in

SJA1000 CAN devices, users need to choose a set of proper CAN parameter (**BTR0 & BTR1**) for communication compatible with I-7530A-MR-FD and the rule is as follows:

- (1) The "**Samples**" value is 1.
- (1) The "**SJW**" value is as small as possible. (1 is the best).
- (2) The "Tseg2" value is as small as possible. (1 is the best)
- (3) The "**Tseg1**" value is as large as possible.

According to the above four rules, users can choose the proper BTR0 and BTR1. For example, if uses want to use the CAN baud rate is 83.333 Kbps, according to the above rules, users should choose <u>BTR0=05</u> and <u>BTR1=1C</u> for the CAN parameter of SJA1000 CAN devices like Figure 6-2.

BTRO(hex)	BTR1(hex)	Samples	Spl%	(ISEG1)	(TSEG2)	BRP	(SJW)	Max.Bus(m)	Kbps	Osc.Tol(%)
OF	12	1	66	3	2	16	1	516	83.3333	.2809
OB	14	1	75	5	2	12	1	652	83.3333	.2101
07	18	1	83	9	2	8	1	788	83.3333	.1397
05	10	1	87	13	2	6	1	856	83.3333	.1046
OB	23	1	62	4	3	12	1	516	83.3333	.211
4B	23	1	62	4	3	12	2	379	83.3333	.4219
07	27	1	75	8	3	8	1	697	83.3333	.1401
47	27	1	75	8	3	8	2	606	83.3333	.2801
	20	-	01	10	2	C.	1	700		10.00

Figure 6-2: User-defined CAN Baud Rate for SJA1000 Device